



MONTEREY COUNTY

LABOR NEWS



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WHOLE NUMBER 344

TWO DOWN!—ONE TO GO!



Rapid Decline In Jobs at Shipyard Alarms Unionists

(Release from Office of California State Federation of Labor)

San Francisco, Calif. Alarming cuts in the production force of shipyards and aircraft industries can be expected to become harbingers of a dismal future, judging by the latest report of the Division of Labor Statistics and Law Enforcement of the State Department of Industrial Relations, unless action is taken at once to remedy this decline, which will create havoc in the ranks of the wage earners of this state.

The Director of Industrial Relations states: "The production force in California shipyards (excluding government yards), was cut to 191,000 wage earners in March, from 208,800 in February." Director Scharrenberg goes on to say that: "This decrease of 17,800 was the largest month-to-month contraction in shipyard wage-earner employment since the start of war production. The maximum monthly decline reported by California shipyards during 1944 was a decrease of 9,200 wage earners. Shipyard production employment this March was 71,200, or 27 per cent, below March, 1944, and 91,500, or 32 per cent, below the September 1943 peak."

AIRCRAFT DOWN, TOO

Another baleful piece of news is the downward trend in aircraft production employment, which, according to the report, was interrupted in January and February, but was resumed in March as the factory force in this industry declined to 159,700, a reduction of 1300 from February. The report states: "Production employment in aircraft plants this March was 52,600, or 2 per cent, below a year ago."

Paralleling this downward trend in these two basic industries, the factory force in durable goods industries as a whole decreased to 537,700 in March, representing a decline of 18,100 from February. ESTIMATES DESCRIBED

The report then defines the estimates as it affects the Los Angeles and San Francisco industrial areas. In Los Angeles it reveals that: "The shipyard production force (excluding government yards) in the Los Angeles industrial area dropped to 65,700 wage earners in March, a loss of 3400 from February, and 18,100, or 22 per cent, from March 1944. A decrease of 1000 workers in the area's aircraft plants brought factory employment in this industry down to 125,400 in March from 126,400 in February. Aircraft wage-earner employment this March was 43,900, or 26 per cent, below a year ago."

SITUATION IN S.F.

In San Francisco the report reveals the following: "The sharpest contraction in Bay Area shipyard employment since the start of the war program occurred this March. Shipyards (excluding government yards) in the San Francisco Bay industrial area (Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, San Francisco, and San Mateo Counties) employed 119,500 wage earners in March compared with 133,600 in February. This decrease of 14,100 was almost twice as large as the maximum monthly decrease reported previously. The number of wage earners in the area's shipyards this March was 48,200, or 29 per cent, below March, 1944, and 65,700, or 35 per cent, below the peak of August, 1943."

This data not only gives room for considerable thought, but it is increasingly evident that programs for the reconversion period must, without delay, be actually translated from the realm of journalism into that of action.

Vital Statistics Note

From a country newspaper: "Due to shortage of paper, a number of births will be postponed until next week."

PUT THE HEAT ON!

Washington, D. C. Unless there is an immediate renewal and intensification of the drive to obtain signatures of Representatives to House Discharge Petition No. 1, passage this year of H.R. 7, the anti-poll tax bill, may be endangered, the International Labor Defense warns.

Of 218 needed signatures, only 170 had been obtained before the Easter Recess. Since Congressmen have returned to Washington, only four more have added their signatures. Forty-four more signatures were needed as of last week. "The situation indicates a serious lag in pressure by constituents on Congressmen who have not yet signed," Louis Coleman, secretary and legislative director of the I.L.D. said. "Every one of the forty-four remaining signatures must be fought for. Any Representative who has not yet signed must be a recalcitrant who needs top pressure from home."

Hygiene Association Praises Unions For Venereal Fight Help

New York City Organized labor has become an increasingly important ally in the nation's fight against the venereal diseases, and factors contributing to their spread and the damaging of family life and welfare, Dr. Walter Clarke, Executive Director of the American Social Hygiene Association, declared upon issuing the Association's Annual Report for 1944.

"Through the active support and interest of officers and editors of many AFL, CIO, Railroad Brotherhood and independent union bodies, large numbers of war-essential workers in industry have received valuable information about the control and prevention of syphilis and gonorrhea," Dr. Clarke said, "and this splendid co-operation is continuing on an expanding scale."

THEY SHARE THEIR MEAT

In North Dakota the meat shortage is as bad as in any other state but the citizens there are going to get along on even less meat for the sake of international friendship.

More than 125,000 red ration points have been collected by the North Dakota Farmers Union to buy meat and butter for the starving peoples of Europe—with the goal set for 500,000 red points by the opening of the San Francisco world security conference. The points will be returned to OPA, which has been asked to turn them over to the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration to buy and distribute the food.

NAM Would Like To Adore Unions, But Be Able To Bust 'Em Up, Too

Boston, Mass.

The National Association of Manufacturers would love to co-operate with the labor-management post-war peace charter, so long as it doesn't mean that the NAM will have to give up its union-busting legislative aims, NAM Pres. Ira Mosher announced here.

With a straight face Mosher promised the NAM's wholehearted co-operation with the charter signed by the AFL, CIO and U. S. Chamber of Commerce—if the charter isn't interpreted as committing management to uphold laws protecting labor's rights the way they are now.

The charter "properly recognizes" the workers' right to organize freely and to engage in collective bargaining, he told the Massachusetts Society of Certified Public Accountants, but unfortunately it also states that there should not be any laws enacted to interfere with or discourage these aims, he complained.

Labor might actually claim that the charter committed management not to try to get rid of these laws the way the charter stands now, he said, offering the NAM's help to change the charter to get rid of these objections.

Another 'Anti' Bill Unearthed By Hugh DeLacy

Washington, D.C. An innocent-appearing House bill, H.R. 2877, has been unmasked as another of the long series of anti-labor moves in Congress.

Rep. Hugh DeLacy (D., Wash.), a member of the International Association of Machinists (AFL), is making a careful search for union-busting legislation. He found this one had been offered by Rep. John W. Gwynne (R., Iowa). Gwynne's bill simply calls for an amendment to Title 28 of the U.S. code to limit the filing of civil suits to a period of one year after occurrence.

What DeLacy found, however, is that the lumber interests were active in support of the measure, writing congressmen that if the bill is not passed, west-coast lumber unions may be able to collect postal-to-port pay for several years back under the wage and hour law.

Other labor actions in civil cases would be similarly affected if the Gwynne bill is passed, and unions are working on the question.

Average Annual Pay At General Motors Drops During Year

Detroit, Michigan

Though General Motors Corp. employed more workers in 1944 than in 1943 their average annual pay was somewhat lower, it appears from the annual report to stockholders made by Chairman Alfred P. Sloan and Pres. C. E. Wilson. Average number employed in the U. S. in 1944 on an hourly basis was 336,167 and in 1943 it was 328,808. Average annual pay was \$2960 in 1944 and \$2985 in 1943. Average workweek in 1944 was 45.6 hours and in 1943 it was 46.6 hours. Average weekly pay was \$56.93 in 1944 and \$57.40 in 1943. In 1941 it was \$43.41.

Believe It or Not

Larry Smith, authority of Japan, thinks that San Francisco was chosen as the place of the United Nations Conference because radio announcers in Japan had told the army that their forces had captured and were holding San Francisco!

Big Job Still Remains After V-Europe Day

Washington, D. C.

For every man, woman and child of the United Nations, V-E Day naturally a day of jubilant thanksgiving. But for millions of American families this mood will be tempered by the knowledge that a son, brother, or husband still faces bloody fighting in the battle of the Pacific. And for these fighters against Japan, V-E Day will simply be another day on which to fight.

How long it will take to win final victory will depend in large measure on the attitude with which we approach the vital, supplementary tasks delegated to us here at home on V-E Day and after.

WHAT LIES AHEAD

1. The speediest possible victory over Japan will demand continued and even increased support for most home front programs; millions of war workers must remain on their jobs; bond drives must be supported; the fight to hold prices down must be continued.

2. Lack of awareness of the size of the military job ahead hits directly at the morale of our fighting men overseas; he is a better soldier or sailor who is made to feel that the people at home fully appreciate what he is still up against.

3. Lack of awareness in America about the size of the job ahead following V-E Day plays directly into the hands of the Japanese; they expect the Allies to grow tired and accept a negotiated peace; unless we face this fact realistically now we will surely be in for a psychological letdown.

Bay Region Metal Trades Urge Aid In Getting More Work Contracts

Oakland, Calif.

The Bay Cities Metal Trades Council, representing 92 unions, and the California Metal Trades Association, representing 250 employers, are jointly appealing to Washington for allocation of civilian contracts here to prevent mass layoffs.

Learning that the U. S. navy and maritime commission were planning to restrict Pacific coast yards to ship repair work, both union and employer groups have launched a direct appeal to President Truman, the WPB, WMC, the navy and California senators and congressmen. They ask that the move to eliminate new ship construction here be stopped and urge allocation of civilian contracts.

Thousands of workers are now being laid off by the shipyards due to the termination of war contracts, they point out, and about 25 per cent are leaving the area because they cannot find suitable jobs. These men are likely to be needed when the all-out offensive against Japan starts so the obvious solution is to allow limited temporary conversion to civilian construction, both labor and management argue.

STEEL FIRM HAS KICKBACK ON LAUNDRY

Pittsburgh, Pa.

A new way of financing company unions came out in the wash at the NLRB's contempt of court case against the Weirton Steel Co. when it was revealed that the Weirton Independent Union received a 20 per cent kickback on all Weirton Steel laundry business.

The disclosure was made by Mrs. Hazel Bricker, office manager of the Workmen's Overall Supply Co. of Youngstown, O., in testimony before Special Master Drayton Heard of the third circuit court of appeals. The company is charged with illegally recognizing the Weirton Independent Union, which was found to be a company union by the NLRB and outlawed by a court order in 1943.

Mrs. Bricker told the court how her company since 1941 paid the WIU several thousand dollars in 20 per cent commissions on the laundry business it got from Weirton workers, amounting to one-fifth of the amount collected by the company from the workers for laundering and dry cleaning their work clothes.

Harold Bradshaw Awarded the DFC

Capt. Harold G. Bradshaw, 24, whose wife lives at 111 Monterey Road, Salinas, was awarded the Distinguished Flying Cross recently, according to Major General Howard C. Davidson, commanding general of the Tenth Air Force. Capt. Bradshaw is operations officer of the Fifth Liaison Squadron, the "Jungle Angels of Burma," which group has won acclaim for evacuation of wounded men from battle lines, rescue of fliers from planes which crashed or landed in the Burma jungles, dropping medical supplies to isolated troops, and other feats.

SALINAS WORK KEEPS LABORERS ALWAYS BUSY

Increasing work in the Salinas area is keeping laborers and building tradesmen ever busier, reports J. B. McGinley, business agent of Laborers Union 272 of Salinas, and Salinas representative of the Monterey County Building Trades Council. Carpenters and laborers are needed in this area.

Jobs in progress now include: New meat freezing plant for the Spigel Dehydration plant.

New meat freezing plant being built by Errington, with Alfred Junker as contractor.

New sugar beet dump at King City for Spreckels Co., with G. Stater, contractor.

Gypsum mine buildings for Granite Construction Co. near King City.

Three new stores at Hollister and air base work there.

Small jobs at Salinas.

USES EXPLAINS JOB PROGRAMS FOR WAR VETS

Information obtained at Army and Navy hospitals about the skills, capabilities, and potential job talents of about-to-be discharged veterans is a basic part of the disabled veterans' program of the United States Employment Service, Sam Kagel, State Director, War Manpower Commission, Northern California, said today.

"With the general increase in employment opportunities, resulting from the war, the activities of the Veterans' Employment Service were accelerated and expanded," Kagel said. "In January of 1942, in cooperation with the Bureau of Naval Personnel, the Veterans Employment Service of WMC made arrangements whereby trained personnel of the USES interview disabled naval personnel at naval hospitals prior to their discharge and refer them to employment through local public employment offices, serving the communities to which they return. The program has since been extended to Army hospitals at the request of the U. S. Army."

Bob Mercer, manager of the Salinas USES, added that the advantage of taking pre-discharge registrations of veterans lies chiefly in the fact that it is possible for the USES to secure information from medical officers about the effects of the servicemen's disability on his future employment. Also, by obtaining records of the qualifications of service personnel prior to discharge and transmitting such records to the local USES offices it is possible, in most instances, to expedite placements upon their arrival. Men often go directly from the hospital to jobs in the immediate manpower area.

"Much time and thought are being devoted by the Veterans Employment Service of the USES to placement of the disabled in jobs where they can make full use of their capabilities," Mercer said. "In many instances, the personnel handling veteran placements have, in peace time, taken care of placement of handicapped civilians. They are able to match the physical requirements of jobs to the physical capacities of individuals on the basis of what they CAN accomplish, instead of what they CANNOT."

Red Cross Pays Unions Tribute For Liberal Aid

Washington, D. C.

Recognition of labor-management teamwork in the nation's generous over-subscription to the 1945 American Red Cross War Fund was given by Basil O'Connor, Red Cross Chairman, Irving Abrahamson, Chairman of the National CIO War Relief Committee, and Matthew Wall, President of the Labor League for Human Rights (AFL).

SALINAS CLC ISSUES LETTER OF JURISDICTION

The following was sent to all unions affiliated with the Monterey County Central Labor Council at Salinas and is self explanatory:

"Enclosed is a copy of letter received by this Council from State, County and Municipal Employees Union No. 420. This letter is self-explanatory and this Council joins with the State, County and Municipal Employees Union, Local No. 420 and urges those Unions claiming jurisdiction of those employed in any, and all work, by the State, County or Municipality of Salinas, and vicinity, to relinquish it immediately that there be complete harmony, and better further the interests of organized labor."

"Trusting this request be complied with at once, and extending best wishes, I remain

Fraternally yours,
Wm. G. KENYON,
Secretary-Treasurer."

Following is the letter from the State Employees Union:
"Monterey County Central Labor Council:

"At a recent meeting of the Executive Board of Local No. 420, California State, County and Municipal Employees, it was pointed out that the function of all Central Labor Councils is to render every service and aid possible to its affiliates.

"Keeping in mind the splendid cooperation and help already given Local 420, we at this time, feel a great assistance in organizational work is necessary and call upon this body to inform all the Trades and Crafts in this area that Local 420 is a duly chartered Local Union of the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees, an A. F. of L. affiliate, and that Local 420 claims jurisdiction over all State, County and Municipal Employees in this Salinas area.

"Enclosed you will find a copy of the Constitution and By-Laws of Local 420, and under Article 3, Section 1-a, our object is to unite the State, County, and Municipal Employees in the vicinity of Salinas within the jurisdiction of the A.F.S.C. & M.E. for mutual welfare and protection and advancement. "It is our aim and earnest desire that the Monterey County Central Labor Council, through its Secretary and Delegates, notify all Trades and Crafts Unions in this area to this effect and if there is any union now has right of jurisdiction to relinquish it immediately.

"Hoping this matter will be given favorable attention in the near future, I remain,

"Sincerely and Fraternally,
H. E. LYONS, President,
ROY M. ALLEN, Secretary,
Executive Board: Chas. H. Snyder, Clarence Canham, Louis J. Bentler."

Here's a Union Man Who Isn't Worried About Home Strikes

NEAR NUREMBERG, Germany —(FP)—Pvt. Leonard A. Crum, a member of the Los Angeles local of International Longshoremen's and Warehousemen's Union, admits he doesn't know the story behind the strike news he hears in the army, but he's a man who has faith in his union and the labor movement.

"The union got us good conditions and several raises," he says. "And I look forward to more of the same after I'm no longer needed to tote this walkie-talkie set in and out of the battle lines." Crum is a radio man, a former employee of the McKesson & Robbins warehouse in Los Angeles. His wife and parents live in Columbia, Mo., but he's heading for California again, now the war is over. He's been overseas about 10 months.

Crum says: "I hear a lot of guys gripe about unnecessary strikes back home. They don't know conditions—how can we, busy as we are?"

Elevator Operators In Detroit Get Hike

Detroit, Michigan

500 elevator operators and starters in 39 Detroit hotels won raises in an arbitration award. Operators will get 70c an hour instead of 60c and starters 75c instead of 65c, retroactive one year. They belong to Building Service Employees Local 153 (AFL).

Slap the Jap—BUY BONDS!

BUY THEM AND HOLD THEM—PATTERSON



Labor's Role In Security: BIG QUESTION BEFORE S. F. IS PART UNIONS CAN PLAY IN MAINTAINING THE PEACE

By MIRIAM KOLKIN

San Francisco, Calif.

One of the most significant questions to be thrashed out at the United Nations Conference on International Organization here is the role organized labor is to be given in the world security organization.

Although it is the subject of much discussion among labor spokesmen here, the only official recognition that the question exists was given in the State Department description of the Dumbarton Oaks plan, which said that the Economic and Social Council of the world security organization would include the International Labor Office.

This has the approval of the AFL, whose representative here, Robert J. Watt, declared that the ILO, of which he is a member, should be the main agency within the council. Representatives of other labor organizations including those of the CIO, Great Britain, the Soviet Union, France and Latin America, meeting at Oakland, are reported to feel that the ILO as such is inadequate. They will ask instead for direct World Trade Union Conference representation on the Economic and Social Council.

TOLEDANO CRITICIZES ILO

Members of the WTUC will probably also press for revision of the ILO to make it what they consider a more effective organization. Pres. Vicente Lombardo Toledano of the Confederation of Latin American Workers, who is a member of the WTUC administrative committee, said here that the question of changing the ILO will undoubtedly come up when its governing body meets in Canada this June. Among criticisms he voiced of the ILO was that its labor standards are too low. He said that the organization is still fighting for standards which have long been achieved in Mexico, for instance.

Sec. Louis Sallant of the French Confederation of Labor likewise said changes will have to be made in the ILO although he would not indicate what they were at this time. Indirect criticism of the ILO came from Soviet Foreign Minister V. M. Molotov at his press conference when he asked for representation for the World Trade Union Conference at the United Nations parley here.

CIO, SOVIET EXCLUDED

Neither the CIO nor Soviet labor are represented in the ILO. Exclusion of the CIO is based on a provision in ILO constitution which allows only one delegate from the most representative labor organization in each nation.

In an interview with Federated Press, Watt said he favored inclusion of the Soviet Union in the ILO but declared that the question of CIO representation was up to the U. S. government, which names the labor delegate.



Farm Land Boom Is Traced to City Folks

Farm land values continue to boom. They are now 52 per cent over the 1935-1939 average, 11 per cent of the gain having been made last year.

The Bureau of Agricultural Economics declares that farmers are doing little buying of land. The speculators, it said, are city folks seeking a "hedge" against possible inflation.



Put the Heat On!

By CONGRESSMAN ELLIS E. PATTERSON

Washington, D. C.

The most important thing I can say to you this month is: get busy on Bretton Woods. And I cannot say it too strongly. H.R. 2211, the bill to approve American participation in the Bretton Woods Monetary Pact, is the most crucial piece of legislation that has come up this year—and indeed, for several years.

For it is the first step toward securing world peace, toward the 60,000,000 jobs, weekly pay checks for all of us, and enough food in our larders. Bretton Woods will help lay the basis for stable world economy, and only on a stable economy can peace and international cooperation be based. FIRST REAL TEST

This Bretton Woods bill, H.R. 2211, is the first test of America's willingness to cooperate with the rest of the world to assure attainment of those things for which we fight. It must be overwhelmingly passed by Congress, to give the rest of the world confidence in us, and to set us immediately on the path to the winning of the peace, as well as of the war.

We must beware of perfectionists who will try to amend H.R. 2211 to death. Such action worked too well in 1919 with the League of Nations. It must not work again. Forty-four nations agreed on the present Bretton Woods Monetary Pact—in itself no mean trick, and highly significant to the desire of all 44 to work together. We must not betray their trust in us, nor our own future. Find out about Bretton Woods, let Congress know how you feel. PASS BRETTON WOODS BILL H.R. 2211.

Dan Tracy Appointed Advisor at Conclave

Washington, D. C.

Danied W. Tracy, the Assistant Secretary of Labor, was recently named as the United States Department of Labor adviser to the American delegation to the United Nations Conference on International Organization in San Francisco.

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ments or signed communications printed herein.



The Labor Editor Speaks

"ECONOMIC ROYALISTS" GET READY

We are rapidly approaching the time when the reactionary monopoly capital forces will cry: "Away with government controls! We've had enough of OPA, WFA and all the rest of the alphabetical controls! Let's get back to the American Way of Life!"

They will take advantage of war weariness and irritations over government controls to sabotage necessary regulation of corporations and utilities. "Away with the bureaucrats," they will scream—sure the cry will bring an echo from every ration-weary home. Monopoly servants in Congress and the legislatures will relax necessary control laws and the thousands of new millionaires will sink their fangs into their victims unless—

Terrific unemployment will come unless heroic measures are taken. In England Aneurin Bevan, labor member of Parliament, sizes up the situation there:

"Parliament debates unemployment when at the same time the instruments of employment are left in private hands. In short, responsibility rests with the people and power with private property. Parliament washes in public the linen which property dirts in private. It is a division of labor ultimately fatal to representative democratic government. It makes the public representative the scapegoat for the bandits of industry and finance, over whose actions he is denied effective control. Parliament is the professional public mourner for private economic crimes. This divorcement of parliamentary discussion from action brings discussion itself into contempt."

What Bevan describes as taking place in Britain is also well under way in our own country, and many an economic royalist now fervently hopes that, with the passing of Roosevelt, the road is open to further exploitation.

PUZZLE FOR PATRIOTS

If a man despises everything about Russia and says that "at least Hitler knew how to handle the Jews," he can go right on working for the United States government and nobody bothers him.

But if another man admires economic planning in Russia or the social insurance system in that country, or if he thinks that the Russians are right on the Polish question and that the Baltic States ought to stay in the Soviet Union, he is immediately suspect. If he is working for the government the snoop committees, with the help of the FBI, hound him and smear him until he is pried loose from his job. If he is trying to get a government job, the witch-hunters go over his past with a fine-toothed comb. If they discover that he likes the way Tito has handled things in Yugoslavia, or the way the Soviet Union has handled the nationality question, or if they learn that he plumped for the people's government in Spain as against the Franco fascists in 1936, he is marked down as "subversive" with various shadings ranging from pale pink to ruddy red. The real crime, however, is to give the slightest impression that you consider the Russians fit to live in the same world with us.

The whole business is very confusing to those of us who have been laboring under the impression all these years that we were supposed to be fighting Germans and Japs!

PITY THE POOR CORPORATIONS!

The mournful wailing of the corporations regarding their "terrific taxes" loses force on consideration of the revised figures of the United States Department of Commerce on war time corporation profits. The following are the net corporation profits representing what is being made after all taxes have been paid:

Year	Profits
1939	\$4.2 billion
1940	5.8 billion
1941	8.5 billion
1942	8.7 billion
1943	9.8 billion
1944	9.9 billion

These figures do not tell all the story. The difference of \$5,700,000,000 between 1939 and 1944 will be even larger when the final "score" is in, for full information for 1944 is not yet available.

You can see that profits have been much more than doubled in the 5-year period. In that same period, on a straight time basis, how many workers have had their wages doubled? The answer is: There has been a Little Steel Formula for workers and a Big Steel Formula for capitalists. When the war started the late President Roosevelt declared that there should be no new millionaires made out of this war, and backed up that declaration with a demand that salaries be held to \$25,000 a year after taxes. Congress, however, ruled otherwise and so the profiteers have enjoyed a Roman holiday.

WAR AND YOUR POCKETBOOK

Here's one reason why you should be concerned about what goes on at the United Nations Conference: Up to the present, the United States, Britain and Russia have spent \$450 billion dollars on World War No. 2. The U. S. has spent about \$250 billion of this, with the Jap part of the struggle ahead of us.

Watt Advises S. F. to Keep Setup of ILO

San Francisco, Calif. The International Labor Office, organized under the League of Nations with representatives of government, management and labor, should be made the major economic and social agency of the new world organization being established by the United Nations, Robert J. Watt, AFL consultant to the U. S. delegation, said here.

Watt proposed that the ILO become the main arm of the Economic and Social Council, one of the five world bodies in the Dumbarton Oaks plan, but maintain its independence at the same time. Pointing to the ILO's achievements of the last 25 years, Watt said: "It has not been a perfect mechanism, but it has been the best international agency yet devised."

LIKES TRIPARTITE PLAN

He praised its tripartite setup in which each nation has two representatives from government and one each from industry and labor and said the new council should be "rooted in and representative of the people of the world rather than of the political national structures."

While Watt made known the AFL's plans for the future of the ILO, the World Trade Union Conference, if was disclosed, will seek direct representation on the Economic and Social Council. The WTUC's intentions were revealed by Sec. Walter Citrine of the British Trades Union Congress who, at the same time, expressed "hopes that the AFL will be a member of the new World Labor Council" to be established by the WTUC.

THE GOOD OLD DAYS?

Here is an advertisement which Vice-President Milton Maxwell of Amalgamated Meat Cutters & Butcher Workmen (AFL) dug up from his archives. It was collected by L. Seeliger of the Knights of Labor in 1890:

"Tenderloin steak, 10c a lb. Legs of veal, 8c. Eastern hams, 10c and 11c. Round Steak, 6c. Sirloin steak, 10c. Rib steak, 7c. Mutton shoulder, 5c. Mutton shoulder chops, 4 lbs. for 25c. Spare ribs fresh or salted, 4 lbs. for 25c. Pigs' head and feet, 3c. 5,000 beef, sheep and hogs to be slaughtered within the next 30 days."

Sure there's a catch, Maxwell admits. Top wages for skilled labor in those old days were \$1 a day.



"You see now, I hope, that you were too hasty in condemning the National Association of Manufacturers for not joining in the labor-industry charter," Mr. Dilworth said to his offspring.

"Maybe I need a pair of glasses," Little Luther answered. "I don't see that at all."

"Maybe you need a little respect for your elders," retorted Mr. Dilworth. "I was referring to the speech made by Pres. Ira Musher of the NAM in Boston, in which he said the NAM would be glad to sign the charter..."

"If..." interrupted Little Luther.

"If," said his father with a suspicious glance at his son, "if they'll accept a few amendments."

"What's the NAM want?" asked Little Luther. "A place at the peace table for Mussolini, the resurrection of Gen. Pilsudski, Justice for Franco, abolition of the Red Army and six votes for Sen. Vandenberg?"

"You are being very rude, Luther, and you are trying to confuse the question. That's my program for the San Francisco conference you're talking about. Let us get back to the NAM and the labor-industry charter," Mr. Dilworth said severely.

"You get back to the NAM, I'll go back to the charter," Little Luther advised him.

"I still don't see why the unions won't accept a few amendments," Mr. Dilworth said petulantly. "All the NAM wants to do is keep the right to fight the one-sided labor laws with which the nation is afflicted."

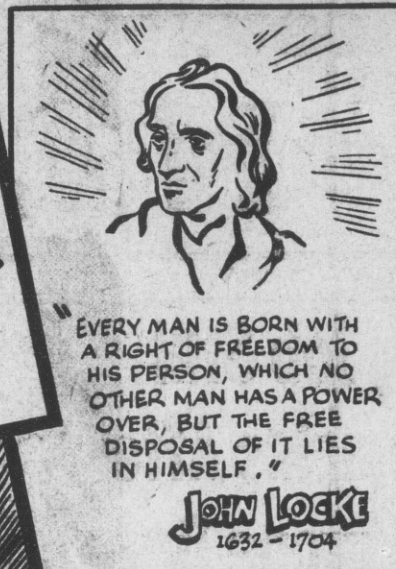
"All Hitler wanted was to keep the right to fight a few democratic laws with which he thought the world was afflicted," Little Luther answered.

"All I want..." Mr. Dilworth began.

"All you want," Little Luther finished for him, "we had before the war, and nobody wants it any more. You'd better get yourself a falseface and join the werewolves. Your side is licked and we're starting something better."

THE MARCH OF LABOR

BUY U.S. WAR BONDS... REGULARLY!



YOU CAN BE SURE YOUR MAT IS UNION MADE IF IT BEARS THIS UNION LABEL.



That 'Polish' Problem

Many folks are puzzled by the world-abuse of Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Churchill over what is called "the new partition of Poland." Archbishops brandish their croziers and Poles weep. America and Britain have, it seems, smirched their spotless honor and kowtowed to the Red Dictator.

These gentry know perfectly well, but hope the world has forgotten, that the Curzon line which the Big Three have agreed to follow was drafted by the Allies and accepted by Poland in 1919 and that Poland di-owned its agreement in order to take advantage of Russia's temporary weakness. The Polish writer Stanislaw Grabek considers, in fact, that Poland gains by the new arrangement. "The million Poles, he says, 'whom Poland will acquire together with Silesia and East Prussia, will give her more profit than did 5 million Ukrainians, most of whom were ill-disposed toward her.' That is putting it mildly. The Ukrainians hated the Poles and were murderously persecuted by them from 1919 to 1938. Then why the new crusade?"

Here are a few of the facts which your daily paper may have forgotten to give you: First, the relatively few and aristocratic Poles in London have been so pampered that, like spoiled children, they thought they could demand what they liked. Their official Gazette shows that in four years (1941 to 1944) they got more than \$200 million from the British Treasury and are promised a further \$60 million for 1945. Their ministry of information (propaganda) spent more than \$4 million last year. Second the Lublin group are cutting up the big estates, and the core of the London Poles are the rich landowners who had broad acres and armies of the poorest-paid workers. All land-owners with more than 50 hectares (about 120 acres) of arable land are dispossessed. If they want land they must take their places in a queue of peasants filling up forms for 5 hectares.—THE AMERICAN FREEMAN.



THE PACIFIC ISLANDS HANDBOOK, 1944 (North American Edition), by R. W. Robson, published by The Macmillan Company, New York City, 371 pages plus excellent maps and charts, index; \$4.00.

With the Pacific war growing in intensity daily, the average follower of the warfronts is at a total loss without some outside guide to what is going on. Macmillan's "The Pacific Islands Handbook," started in 1932 and brought up to date with the 1944 edition, just released, is the best such guide that we have seen to date.

The 1944 edition of the "Handbook," prepared by R. W. Robson, F.R.G.S., is the first American edition to be printed and is certainly the outstanding reference authority on the Pacific field.

Best feature of the "Handbook" are the excellent maps and charts, giving a detailed picture of the tiny islands and atolls which dot the Pacific, islands never heard of until the counter invasion by our fighting men was started.

A summary of administrations and administrators, showing just which nation administers which group of islands is of interest for reference.

The history of the Pacific before and during the war, with a chronology extending far into 1944, is complete and detailed.

The volume, briefly, is a historical reference to the Pacific theater of war. It gives late information about the actual war, and discusses each group of islands from history to current industry, if any.

The labor conditions of each group of islands are explained in full, making an interesting contrast with current American standards.

Any person who wants to really know about the Pacific war, and particularly a person with a loved one in this theater of war, should have a copy of "The Pacific Islands Handbook" for ready reference.

—W. B. PEDIGO.

TEXAS CO-OP DOES \$2 1/2 MILLION BIZ IN TWELVE MONTHS

Amarillo, Texas. Climaxing the most successful year in 12 years operation, the Consumers Cooperatives Associated at Amarillo, announced purchases for its members of \$2,594,227 at its annual shareholders meeting held here recently, according to Leonard F. Cowden, general manager.

POEM OF THE WEEK

Flame of Brotherhood

In that mad hour,
When nations, petulant as children in the night,
Cry down appeal to reason, and resort
To arms; when men and ships
Come home to us from all the seven seas
As blood-stained doves returning to the ark,
May Chance and Deity make firm
The shutters of our house, and keep alive
Upon our hearth the flame of brotherhood.
—JAMES A. QUINBY.

THE 7TH WAR LOAN IS ON!

Yes, the Seventh War Loan is on right now!

There are new planes to be built... new tanks... new ships. All to bring the war to an earlier close.

Our fighting men will do their job. But we must do ours!

And right now, the most important job we have is to meet our personal quotas in the Seventh War Loan drive!

Those quotas are big. Uncle Sam needs \$7,000,000,000 from individuals. For this loan is really 2 in 1—there had been 2 drives in 1944, by this time. So now—we've

got to do a two-loan job in one.

But Americans have never failed to meet a War Bond quota yet—and we won't fail now! So find out what your quota is—and meet it!

FIND YOUR QUOTA... AND MAKE IT!

IF YOUR AVERAGE INCOME PER MONTH IS:	YOUR PERSONAL WAR BOND QUOTA IS: (CASH VALUE)	MATURITY VALUE OF 7 TH WAR LOAN BONDS BOUGHT
\$250	\$187.50	\$200
225-250	150.00	200
210-225	131.25	175
200-210	112.50	150
150-200	93.75	125
140-150	75.00	125
100-140	37.50	50
Under \$100	10.75	25

ALL OUT FOR THE MIGHTY 7TH WAR LOAN

This Feature is a Contribution to America's All-Out War Effort by

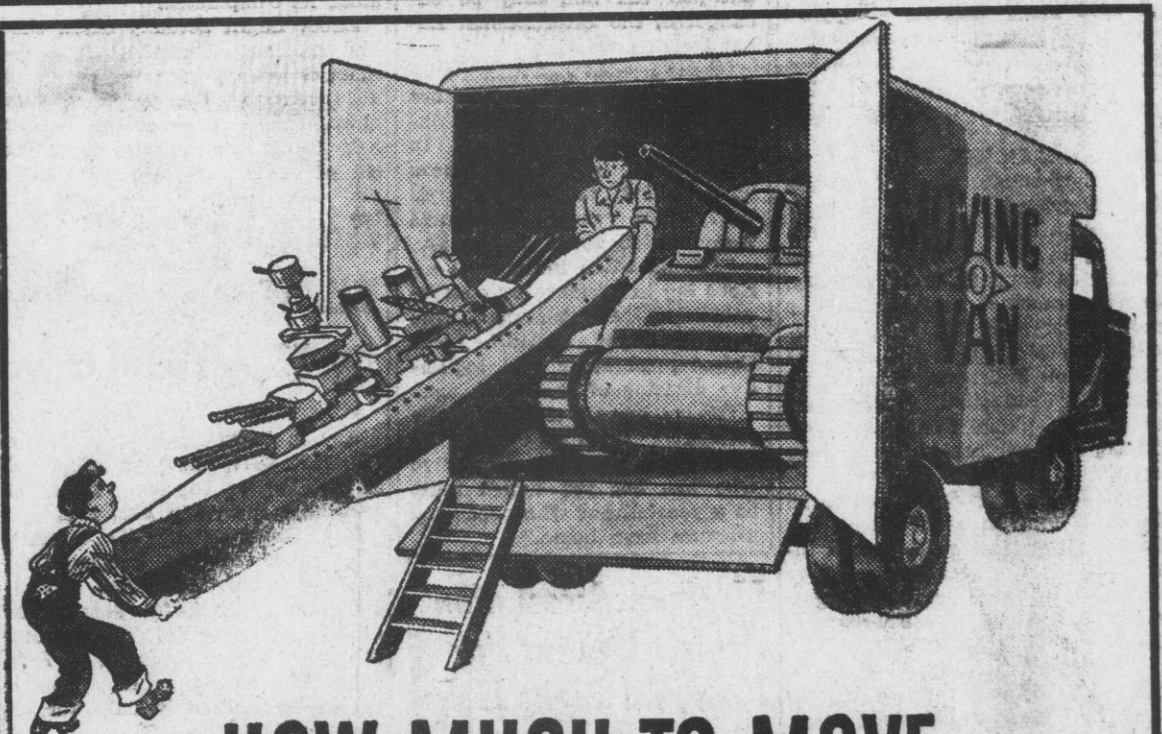
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GROWERS—PACKERS—SHIPPERS — TOPPY—RETRIEVER BRANDS
CALIFORNIA VEGETABLES — PAK TITE

P. O. BOX 1011

SALINAS, CALIFORNIA

Telephone 6428



HOW MUCH TO MOVE A WAR?

As soon as we can, we'll bring to bear on the Japs all the additional might we've been using against Germany.

What will it cost, this Moving Day of War?

Estimate it in these terms: The job of moving millions of men from one front to another. Thousands of ships to carry the supplies of battle. Swarms of new-type aircraft to blast the path into enemy territory.

You can get an idea of the cost from the fact that Uncle Sam needs 7 billions from us in the mighty Seventh War Loan—now!

The Seventh War Loan will call for the greatest bond-buying we have ever done.

If you have an income—whether from work, land, or capital—you have a quota in the 7th War Loan. Be sure to make it!

FIND YOUR QUOTA—AND MAKE IT!

IF YOUR AVERAGE INCOME PER MONTH IS:	YOUR PERSONAL WAR BOND QUOTA IS: (CASH VALUE)	MATURITY VALUE OF 7 TH WAR LOAN BONDS BOUGHT
\$250	\$187.50	\$200
225-250	150.00	200
210-225	131.25	175
200-210	112.50	150
150-200	93.75	125
140-150	75.00	125
100-140	37.50	50
Under \$100	10.75	25

ALL OUT FOR THE MIGHTY 7TH WAR LOAN

FRANK RAITER CANNING CO.

Quality Packers of

CALIFORNIA CANNED FRUITS AND
VEGETABLES

SALINAS

General Office
SALINAS, CALIF.
Phone 4884

Sales Office
210 California Street
San Francisco, Calif.
Phone Yukon 1544

THE Victory Volunteers ARE ON THE MARCH

WELCOME THE Victory Volunteer who calls on YOU

They come to enlist your help in the

MIGHTY 7th WAR LOAN

★ BUY BIGGER BONDS and MORE of them ★

FIND YOUR QUOTA . . . AND MAKE IT!

IF YOUR AVERAGE INCOME PER MONTH IS:	YOUR PERSONAL WAR BOND QUOTA IS: (CASH VALUE)	MATURITY VALUE OF 7TH WAR LOAN BONDS BOUGHT
\$250	\$187.50	\$250
225-250	150.00	200
210-225	131.25	175
200-210	112.50	150
180-200	93.75	125
140-180	75.00	100
100-140	37.50	50
Under \$100	18.75	25

HELP YOUR COMMUNITY TO MAKE ITS QUOTA BY MEETING YOUR PERSONAL QUOTA

By this time last year Victory Volunteers in this community had made the rounds twice to get out fighting dollars for War Bonds. So if you've wondered why no one has called on you yet in 1945, here's the reason . . . The Mighty 7th War Loan (starting May 14) will be TWO GREAT DRIVES COMBINED IN ONE!

And think what that means. All the old rules of buying you set for yourself in the past are out. America's growing battle might is costing more dollars every hour. Only by your purchase of MORE BONDS AND BIGGER ONES in this double drive will you be doing right by the men who fight.

Remember that your community has a quota it will be proud to make. It's made up of all the *personal* quotas of you . . . your neighbor next door . . . the people up and down your street . . . EVERYBODY in this vicinity. So it's EVERYBODY ALL OUT . . . buy *bigger* bonds and *more* of them when the Victory Volunteer calls. Our fighting men are watching what you do!



Ice-Kist Packing Co.

GROWERS --- SHIPPERS CALIFORNIA VEGETABLES
SALINAS, CALIFORNIA

★ This Advertisement—prepared under auspices of Treasury Department and War Advertising Council ★

Various States Adopt Laws to Assist Injured

Washington, D. C. Post-war job opportunities for disabled veterans and war workers are helped by the enactment in nine State legislatures so far this year of second injury fund bills to overcome the reluctance of many employers to hire handicapped workers lest they suffer second injuries, become permanently and totally disabled and cost employers increased workmen's compensation charges, Secretary of Labor Frances Perkins reports.

Kilgore Seeking Post Of Labor Secretary

Washington, D. C. Sen. Harley M. Kilgore (D., W. Va.) is working overtime these nights to win support for his ambition to become the next Secretary of Labor. Kilgore hopes to gain enough labor support to insure him the job when President Truman accepts the resignation of Mrs. Perkins.

U. S. Civil Service Red Tape Hit; Said Soon Due for Probe

Washington, D. C. While the U. S. Veterans Administration is taking a general beating in the press and on the air these days, another agency just as lax and just as badly handled, has been getting by scot-free. Watch for a demand soon for a thorough-going probe of the U. S. Civil Service Commission, which is weighted down with hoary rules, limited by ancient prejudices and snarled in official red-tape. Civil Service has been lousing up the federal picture too long.

Labor Board Approves Steel Wage Increase

Los Angeles, Calif. The War Labor Board has given approval to a joint labor-management petition to allow a 14 1/2% hourly increase to boiler tenders at Columbia Steel Co., members of Local 1414, United Steelworkers.

Showdown Seen Between Labor, Mr. Churchill

London, England A storm is nearing in relations between Prime Minister Winston Churchill and the British labor movement. The reason lies in Churchill's refusal to meet a demand of the British Trade Union Congress to modify the Trades Union Act of 1927. After juggling the issue throughout the war, Churchill recently committed himself to a final rejection of the labor movement's plea. Back in 1926 Churchill led the Conservatives in their war on the British unions, and if he is named the leader of a new government after the coming elections, British opinion is that he would resume his struggle against the labor movement.

The fight, however, would not be called a war on trade unionism, but rather a war on left-wing trade unionism.

War bonds honor the dead.

GI Gets Reminder of Value of Union As Vacation Check Paid

NEAR NUREMBERG, Germany (FP)—The Corning, N.Y., local of Flint Glass Workers Union (AFL) has a strong supporter in Pvt. George E. Sperryak of 67 River St., Corning, a former employee of the famed Corning glass works, who's been a radioman overseas for the last nine months. Sperryak gets occasional bulletins from his union but the best thing he ever got was a back vacation paycheck that arrived about six months ago—and he thanks the union for it.

Union 'Beats Gun' On Drive for War Bonds

Chicago, Illinois Although the 7th War Loan didn't begin officially until May 14, members of Stewart Die Casters Local 718, International Union of Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers, had already oversubscribed their quota of \$66,400 by \$8699, or 113 per cent.

German Hollers 'John L. Lewis' For Surrender

WITH THE SEVENTH ARMY IN GERMANY — (FP) — Nobody I've talked to here is able to solve the mysterious code of a surrendering German soldier, but they're still grinning over it. Two Red Cross girls were jeeping along near here with Pvt. Peter Skokas of Asbury Park, N.J., when a German soldier ran out of the woods towards them waving his arms in the air and crying: "Surrender! New York, Detroit, John L. Lewis!"

He repeated the cry several times. Skokas held him until a military police car came by and took him along. Obviously the surrenderer was using his entire vocabulary of English. Possibly New York and Detroit indicated his idea of where he'd like to be put in a prisoner of war camp. But what the name of the president of United Mine Workers was doing in his gibberish is anybody's guess and everybody's laugh.

Reconversion Lag Worries AFL; Demand Quick Action

Washington, D. C. The A. F. of L. executive council, holding its quarterly meeting here, declared that with substantial cutbacks already in progress in aircraft, and shipyards planning to wind up their work, "it is imperative that a large scale reconversion program be undertaken at once."

"American industry must be given enough advance notice of cancellation of war contracts so that it can proceed without unnecessary delay to put into effect plans for peacetime production which will provide jobs for displaced war workers and returning servicemen. Unless the reconversion process is expedited, mass unemployment will grip America in 1945 and purchasing power will be reduced to such a low point that expansion of post-war production will be blocked."

"PROTECT HUMAN NEEDS"

The council statement indorsed action to protect human needs during reconversion, recalling that President Truman, while serving as senator, sponsored reconversion legislation "which provided far more adequate unemployment compensation to disemployed workers than is available at present." It suggested that he recommend it now to Congress.

Court Backs Up Labor Right to Solicit Member On Co. Property

Washington, D. C. In two major labor decisions, the U. S. Supreme Court has upheld the right of labor unions to solicit members on company property on the time of the individual solicitors. The twin decisions upheld the long practice of the NLRB that such activity was proper.

In one case the Republic Aviation Corp. of Suffolk County, N.Y., was involved with a general plant rule against "soliciting of any type." An employee who passed out union application cards on his own lunch time was fired for violation of the rule.

Later Republic discharged three workers for wearing shop steward buttons of their union, The United Auto Workers in the plant after being ordered to remove them. The management argued that this indicated its acknowledgment of the union and the steward's authority to represent the workers although at the time the union had not won bargaining rights.

The second case covered the Le Tourneau Co. of Georgia, manufacturers of earth-moving equipment. The firm suspended two workers for a short period for distributing union literature on their own time in a company-owned parking lot. The management claimed it had a rule against such distribution long before the union started to organize the shop.

The Supreme Court held that the actions of both companies discouraged membership in a labor organization within the meaning of Section 8 (3) of the National Labor Relations act.

NEW FILMS READY FOR UNIONISTS

Washington, D. C. Three new Navy motion pictures, shedding new light on the tough job ahead in the Pacific, are ready for labor union and war plant showings. Rear Admiral Clark H. Woodward, Chief of the Navy's Industrial Incentive Division, announced. Highlighting some of the most vivid combat action of the war, the new films are:

"Pacific Milk Run"—an 18-minute account of the tough job of neutralizing by-passed Jap islands, a Marine Corps film combat report. "Brought to Action"—running time 17 minutes, an action-filled report of the strategy that upset Jap maneuvers in the epic three-day sea-air battle of the Philippines.

"Corregidor to Iwo Jima"—11 minutes, featuring scenes of the costly Iwo Jima invasion, a foretaste of future resistance in the Pacific.

The films are obtainable from 85 official depositories of Army and Navy incentive film, located in and near production centers throughout the country.

Pome of Pashun

It takes a wedding To make a fellow learn; At first he thinks she's his'n But later learns he's her'n.

San Francisco Conference Opens



Listening attentively to President Truman's broadcast which officially opened the San Francisco Conference are, l to r: Governor Earl Warren of California, Secretary of State Edward R. Stettinius and Mayor Roger Lapham of San Francisco. Behind them stands the guard of honor made up of service men and women. (Federated Pictures)

FEDERATION REPORTS 'UPS AND DOWNS' IN LEGISLATURE BATTLE

(Release from Office of California State Federation of Labor)

San Francisco, Calif. Still prominent in the interest of the State Legislature now in session are the numerous unemployment insurance bills which are being ground out by legislative committees and both Houses.

By a unanimous vote A.B. 278 (Rosenthal et al) passed the Assembly. This makes unemployment insurance benefits payable upon affirmation by a referee or appeals board, regardless of subsequent action.

Similarly, and without a dissenting vote, S.B. 1093 (Shelley et al) passed the Senate. It provides penalties of from one to five weeks' waiting period for all existing disqualifications, such as failure to accept suitable employment, etc. This bill places within the discretion of the Board the exact period of disqualification. Such flexibility is considered much more desirable than the present arbitrary penalties.

INSURANCE AGENTS

By a queer fluke, later, fortunately, corrected on a vote of reconsideration, S.B. 989 (Desmond) passed the Assembly. This is a bill which excludes insurance agents from unemployment insurance coverage. A motion to reconsider, however, has been carried in the Assembly.

The perennial and moss-eaten proposal, which labor has been fighting at every legislative session since the enactment of the Unemployment Insurance Act, and which seeks to define agricultural labor in definitive form in the Act, was given a favorable recommendation by the Senate Social Welfare Committee when it voted 8 to 2 on S.B. 615 (Sutton). This measure, which is rankly discriminatory, would disqualify approximately 100,000 workers for unemployment insurance, in spite of the fact that many of them have been contributing to the Fund over a period of years. The committee members favoring the bill were Brown, Cunningham, Deuel, Donnelly, Judah, Shaw, Weybreit; against: Dillinger, Shelley, Mayo.

HOPE FOR AMENDMENTS

Belief is held in many quarters that many Senators who gave the bill a favorable nod did not understand its full significance and far-reaching effect, and it is hoped that some of its present harsh provisions may be tempered by amendments. Because the basic principle of the bill is bad, the California State Federation of Labor will continue to fight it as militantly as ever.

A.B. 1440 (Maloney) bogged down in the Assembly Committee on Finance and Insurance. This measure, supported vigorously by labor, provides for a tripartite appeals board to administer unemployment insurance claims.

The campaign waged by the Federation to correct numerous inequities in the Workmen's Compensation Law is progressing satisfactorily. S.B. 697 (Carter) establishes the legal presumption that the disease of pneumoconiosis is caused by employment if certain qualifying conditions exist. Committee action on this measure was unanimously favorable.

A.B. 116 (Ralph C. Dills et al), a measure sponsored by the State Federation, increases from 6 to 12 months the time within which claims can be filed under the Compensation Insurance Law.

ACTION ON A.B. 1343

A.B. 1343 (Thomas), awarding reasonable attorney's fee to an injured employee in addition to the amount of his compensation in those cases where the employer has failed to take out the necessary insurance, is reasonably certain to receive Senate approval.

A.B. 1519 (Ralph C. Dills) extends the privilege to an injured worker, if he so chooses, to be treated by a chiropractor instead of a physician.

THE DEMILLE BILL

Face-lifted and deceptively

rouged and powdered as a result of misleading amendments, the infamous DeMille bill, A.B. 1953 (Davis and Call), is once more scheduled for the limelight. As originally introduced, the measure had one single virtue in that it was honest in its intent to hamstring labor unions and explicitly stated so. Thanks to the camouflage amendments, it now seeks to conceal its true anti-labor purpose and ostensibly pretends to be concerned exclusively with associations. Stripping away the disguising verbiage of the amendments, the true intent of the bill places the union in the category of an association. In spite of these efforts to repaint it in the eyes of labor, the amended anti-labor measure will be opposed just as hard by labor as it was in its original form.

In the last issue of the News Letter, the defeat of two bad bills in the Senate was reported, S.B. 815 (Rich) relating to unemployment insurance, and S.B. 829 (Ward) reducing the statute of limitations on all wage claims to one year. Notice of reconsideration was given on both measures. S.B. 815 was definitely defeated when the author waived notice after it became evident that he could not get the necessary votes for adoption. S.B. 829 was reconsidered and re-referred to the Senate Judiciary Committee, where Senator Oliver Carter of Redding, who effectively opposed it on the floor, believes it will die a lingering and justifiable death.

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Here's What To Write to Those Boys on Fronts

By HERBERT A. KLEIN SEVENTH ARMY FRONT IN SOUTHERN GERMANY—(FP)— Here are a few simple tips on writing to your union brothers, your friends, family members and loved ones fighting in Germany. No doubt they apply also for writing to American soldiers in other war theaters.

First and foremost: Write often. Better a barrage of short letters than long stem-winders at long intervals. This is especially important now that the army units are moving so far so fast. Every time a GI gets a new postoffice address additional complications are caused in the delivery of mail. If you have four letters en route to your particular soldier, one of them is likely through luck to get through to him.

Second: Mention what you have heard via radio or press about the achievements of the outfit your soldier is part of. That means finding out at least the number of his division and regiment. If you can pass along reports of what his particular battalion and company have done, so much the better. Send along clippings mentioning his outfit when you send airmail letters.

Maybe you haven't heard any news of your soldier's outfit or maybe you haven't been able to learn what it is. In that case ask him to tell you, without violating any security regulations of course, what his gang has been doing.

One of our most serious post-war problems will be getting women out of slacks and into kitchens.

LEND A HAND, NEIGHBOR, IN THE biggest clearing job in the world!



The "tank-destroyer," one of America's mighty new weapons that has cleared the way for our fighting men from the hedgerows of Normandy to the jungles of Luzon

Let's talk turkey.

Today your country is asking you to buy War Bonds—twice as many as you did last time—in the biggest and most urgent War Loan of all... the Seventh.

Why so much more than you bought before?

Here's why: Up to this time last year there had been two war loans. This time, the Seventh War Loan must do the job of two.

And because the cost of the war is just as great, the money you put into War Bonds in one loan now must equal what you put into two last year.

Sure, a lot of optimistic people are saying, "Look at what's happened in Europe!"

They don't stop to think that regardless of Germany's condition, we at home must keep sending our millions of men in Europe tons and tons of supplies daily.

They don't realize how much money it takes to pay for the care we must give our thousands of wounded...

money for medicines, for hospital ships, for months of careful nursing and rehabilitation in hundreds of convalescent hospitals.

And in the Pacific—well, we've at last got into position where we can really start harvesting the seeds of victory our fighting men have planted.

We've got to lend those men a hand, right now, by loading more ships with more supplies, more guns, more tanks, more shells, more food than ever went across that broad ocean before.

That's why our country is asking that you back up our soldiers and sailors, among them millions of farm boys, who are fighting and dying far from their homes and fields... back them up by buying twice as many bonds as you did before.



WAR BONDS PAY OFF IN THESE 7 WAYS:

- 1 The same Government security backs your War Bonds as backs the actual dollars you put into them.
- 2 You get \$100 at maturity for every \$75 loaned now.
- 3 You can get your money back, 60 days after issue date, any time you need it... in the meantime you get safety and steady growth.
- 4 You have a backlog to renew farm buildings and equipment after the war.
- 5 Bonds will insure your children's schooling, or provide for your own security, travel, retirement.
- 6 Bonds go into a national nest egg that will help to assure post-war prosperity.
- 7 Bonds transform your love of home and country into action... you join personally in the biggest, most urgent war loan of all—the Seventh!

TRADE YOUR FOLDING MONEY FOR FIGHTING MONEY

BACK THE ATTACK--WITH WAR BONDS

* This advertisement—prepared under auspices of Treasury Department and War Advertising Council

Lewis Terven

Packers and Shippers of California Vegetables

SALINAS

CALIFORNIA

Brands: HI-SCORE — GOLD BRICK

'Proud to Meet You'! . . . Yomen



LABOR FIGHTS MCCORMICK'S BILL TO GAG RADIO TALKS

Springfield, Illinois—Organized labor has declared its vigorous opposition to a radio libel bill sponsored by Col. Robert R. McCormick's Chicago Tribune.

The protests were entered at hearings before the state senate judiciary committee by Financial Sec. Maurice Lynch of the Chicago Federation of Labor, who represented the AFL central body and its radio station, WCFL, the Voice of Labor.

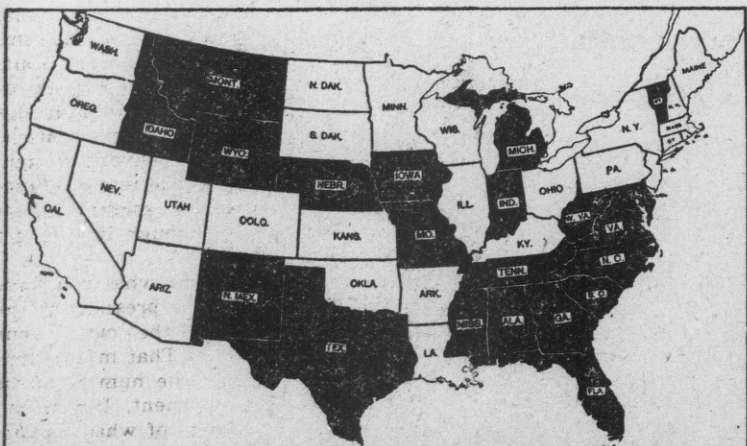
Lynch pointed out the injustice of provisions of the bill, which would hold local outlets for broadcasts originating elsewhere responsible for such broadcasts and also for any ad libbing held libelous—over which they have no control. The Tribune, which now poses as a guardian against libel, owns Station WGN in Chicago and controls the Mutual Broadcasting System, home of reactionary commentators too venomous for other networks.

The bill opens a field of opportunities for conspirators to malign the outlet station by intentionally ad libbing language not contained in the script submitted to the station before the broadcast, Lynch said.

Then and Now

Two months ago the world heard with horror that the Athenians were in danger of being massacred by E. L. A. S. "bandits," but was relieved to know that the Allies were rushing troops, tanks and guns to the rescue. Now the news is that the disarmed E. L. A. S. men are being treated savagely by the royalists, but we do not hear of movements of Allied troops. What did we expect when we compelled the Greeks to surrender power to the royalists and took the means of self-defense from the radicals?—THE AMERICAN FREEMAN.

MINIMUM WAGE



White areas in this chart show states which have minimum wage laws for women and minors. Black areas are states which have no law. Only Connecticut and New York have laws which apply also to men, and these laws are largely inoperative. In wartime the average worker's pay envelope has been adequate chiefly because of overtime and premium pay. After victory, however, many workers may go back to industries where wages are not protected by any law. Now is the time to work for state legislation guaranteeing minimums. (Federated Pictures)

Pluto and Jupiter, And San Francisco

When Jupiter proposed to take seven days to make the world, Pluto objected because he had just opened up Hades and didn't want any competition. But to put his arguments on a high, idealistic level, he objected that Jupiter's world wouldn't be perfect after the first day and Jupiter should either do a perfect job immediately or not do it at all.

Fortunately for the world, Jupiter told Pluto to go to Hades and went on with his job. The world he created is still imperfect, it is reported, but there are hopes for it—especially if the perfectionists keep away from the San Francisco conference!

WALLACE GETS IN LICKS ON TRADE TREATY

Washington, D. C.—Cheers broke the dignified silence of the Senate Ways and Means Committee recently after Secretary of Commerce Henry A. Wallace had emerged from a verbal tilt with Rep. Harold Knutson (R., Minn.) smiling and confident.

Wallace was called to testify on behalf of the reciprocal trade agreements bill and Knutson immediately started baiting him. With Wallace more than holding his own, Knutson asked, "Isn't lowering the tariff rates comparable to lowering immigration restrictions?" Wallace replied the question was "too complicated to answer" and Knutson curtly declared he would wait to ask it of a "witness of ordinary intelligence." Rep. Herman Eberharter (D., Pa.) interposed then to object that "we ought to show respect for the witness."

The crowd in the big room broke out with enthusiastic cheers and applause for Wallace that ended only when Rep. Robert L. Doughton (D., N.C.) tory chairman of the committee, rapped for order.



Food Must Fight For Democracy

Speakers recently returned from the liberated areas of Europe agree we have failed to keep our promises to those starving populations. Although our motto at the beginning of the war was—"Food will win the war and write the peace"—peace and democracy cannot be built upon starvation and disappointment. If we are to use our vast productive forces in food and agriculture to prevent another war, our present official policies must be revised.

Our policy makers have failed to treat food as a munition of war. By yielding to the pressure of commercial groups who feared their markets would fall unless a scarcity of food was maintained, both production of food and accumulation of proper reserves have been hampered. We are now able to supply only a fraction of the relief requirements of UNRRA, and foreign nations that seek to buy food from us can find little.

Last year even when it was clear that food supplies would not be as great as the year before, many critical foods were removed from rationing to "clear the shelves" and there was a general dissipation of domestic food supplies.

The result of this improvidence is now apparent. The American people, with their enormously increased buying power unchecked, ate up the food which should have been kept in reserve. We ate 9 per cent more on the average of all foods. In one short year the greatest larder ever built in this country was despoiled.

Far from being pleased at our excellent reserves of food in 1943, timid officials sold vast quantities of this valuable commodity to the soap industry which made it into luxury soaps over which there were no controls. They ignored what the poorest European peasant knows, namely that fat is a critical need in wartime and must be carefully conserved.

PAPER SAVING VITAL, SAYS GOVERNMENT

Washington, D. C.—Seventy per cent of the waste paper available for salvage must be collected in 1945 to reach the desirable goal of 8 million tons, a pamphlet, "Waste Paper—A Critical War Material," issued by the U. S. Department of Commerce, says. In a brief foreword, Secretary Wallace says, "The Department of Commerce recognizes the importance of paper in the war program. . . . Conscientious efforts must be exerted by every citizen, young or old, to meet the established waste paper goal for 1945."

WLB CHIEF LAUDS NEW 'CHARTER'

Washington, D. C.—WLB Chairman George W. Taylor, in a speech before the American Management Association in New York, applauded the new AFL-CIO-Chamber of Commerce Charter as "a gratifying omen of our ability to meet whatever problems may be an ad." urged exhaustive use of collective bargaining in settling labor disputes now and in the post-war period, and discussed the "why" and the "how" of wartime wage stabilization.

Congressman Delacy Machinist Delegate

Washington, D. C.—Rep. Hugh D. Lacy (D., Wash.) has been elected a regular delegate to the forthcoming national convention of the International Association of Machinists to be held during July in Canada. The city will be named soon. Delacy was elected by his own local, Lodge 79 of Seattle.

AFL Officially Backs Bretton Woods Proposal

Washington, D. C.—Support of the AFL's seven million members was thrown behind the Bretton Woods legislation pending before Congress by Pres. William Green in a statement to the House banking committee.

Green said the AFL believed that although an expanded domestic economy would support greatly enlarged markets, "we also believe that an additional source lies in expanded international trade." He supported the international bank as an aid to small nations and said international understanding and cooperation must replace blind competition.

The AFL chief endorsed currency stabilization as being "to the advantage of workers" and urged U. S. participation as "both a matter of human decency and enlightened self-interest."

They were expendable; your money's lendable—BUY BONDS!

TYPOS VOTING ON ASSESSMENTS FOR ORGANIZING WORK

Indianapolis, Indiana—Union printers over the nation are voting on a proposition initiated by Rochester Typographical Local 15 (AFL) on whether to levy a 1/2 of 1 per cent tax on all members to hire organizers, pay strike benefits and assist local unions where necessary. Also on the referendum slate will be a pay raise for the first and second vice presidents of the international union.

HOLLYWOOD STARS WORK DILIGENTLY FOR THEIR UNION

Hollywood, Calif.—Hollywood big names work hard for their union. The following actors have consented to fill vacancies on the board of directors of the Screen Actors Guild (AFL): Marsha Hunt, Harpo Marx, Agnes Moorehead, Ralph Morgan, Robert Shayne, Robert Young.

Representative Asks Probe of Big League Negro Discrimination

Washington, D. C.—A resolution calling for an investigation of discrimination in big league baseball because of race, creed or color of prospective players was introduced in the House by Rep. Vito Marcantonio (ALP, N.Y.).

Marcantonio's resolution would direct Secretary of Commerce of Commerce Henry A. Wallace to conduct the probe.

Organized baseball in the U. S. has long declined to sign Negro athletes, regardless of ability.

Just a Reminder

Stuart Chase, economist, says that if there were no Office of Price Administration (OPA), prices would be FIVE TIMES as high now.

Then there is the Scotchman who signs all the telegrams he sends his girl—"Xerxes." Figures he gets in two kisses without paying for them.

GIVEN MEDAL FOR SHOOTING WAY THROUGH HITLER LINE

Washington, D. C.—Capt. Charles L. Thomas, member of local 600, United Auto Workers, and a former employee of the Ford Rouge Plant, has been awarded the Distinguished Service Cross, the Army's second highest decoration, for literally shooting his way through the Siegfried Line last December. A task force of the Seventh Army was organized to capture the strong German fortress at Climbach, France. Captain Thomas, a 24-year-old Negro (then lieutenant) was company commander of the Negro 688th central Postal Directory.

Puzzle Supreme

Lady Astor, American-born British aristocrat, wants to join the House of Lords and give that body "something of what I've got." We've studied her photographs carefully and can't make out, for the life of us, what it could be.



Trade your folding money for fighting money!

Buy TWICE as many War Bonds with your farm dollars in the mighty 7th WAR LOAN!

Get in on the fight! . . . Pitch in with every loose dollar you've got—proudly plank them down for twice as many bonds as you ever bought before!

Only when you do that can you look an American fighting man in the eye and say:

"Yes, son, I am doing all I can . . . producing all the food I can, and BUYING ALL THE BONDS I CAN!"



WAR BONDS PAY OFF IN THESE 7 WAYS . . .

- 1 The same Government security backs your War Bonds as backs the actual dollars you put into them.
- 2 You get \$100 at maturity for every \$75 loaned now.
- 3 You can get your money back, 60 days after issue date, any time you need it . . . in the meantime you get safety and steady growth.
- 4 You have a backlog to renew farm buildings and equipment after the war.
- 5 Bonds will insure your children's schooling, or provide for your own security, travel, retirement.
- 6 Bonds go into a national nest egg that will help to assure post-war prosperity.
- 7 Bonds transform your love of home and country into action . . . you join personally in the biggest, most urgent War Loan of all—the Seventh!

The Treasury Department acknowledges with appreciation the sponsoring of this patriotic feature by:

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IF YOU HAVE AN INCOME

you have a quota
in the Mighty 7th War Loan

Find your quota and make it! We've got to make the 7th the biggest yet!

IF YOUR AVERAGE INCOME PER MONTH IS:	YOUR PERSONAL WAR BOND QUOTA IS: (CASH VALUE)	MATURITY VALUE OF 7th WAR LOAN BONDS BOUGHT
\$250	\$187.50	\$250
225-250	150.00	200
210-225	131.25	175
200-210	112.50	150
180-200	93.75	125
140-180	75.00	100
100-140	37.50	50
Under \$100	18.75	25

ALL OUT FOR THE  MIGHTY 7th WAR LOAN

This Feature is a Contribution to America's All-Out War Effort by

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Want to Buy War Housing From Uncle?

Washington, D. C. Workers interested in forming mutual ownership corporations will be eligible to buy multi-family permanent war housing facilities in any part of the nation when such properties are declared surplus by the government.

That statement came from the National Housing Agency here in a discussion of the publicly financed war housing units.

FAIR CONSTRUCTION
These large apartment projects located in or near the great industrial developments and war activity centers, were carefully built to government specifications. Most of the apartments have more cross-ventilation, closet space and other desirable qualities than the usual privately constructed apartment building.

NHA said that the Lanham act which authorized the permanent war housing projects provided that disposal preferences will be given in this order: present occupants, war veterans desiring homes for their own use, other prospective occupants and private investors.

Hague On 'Reds'

"We hear about constitutional rights, free speech and the free press. Every time I hear those words I say to myself: 'That man is a red, that man is a communist.' You never heard a real American talk in that manner."—THE RIGHT HONORABLE FRANK HAGUE, DEMOCRATIC MAYOR OF THE GREAT CITY OF NEW JERSEY.

L. A. LABOR CO-OPERATES TO PROTECT MINORITIES

Los Angeles, Calif.

In the first government-sponsored conference of its kind, representatives of industry, labor, government, community and civic groups met in Los Angeles to discuss the role of minority groups in post-war employment.

The War Manpower Commission, which sponsored the meeting, sent Lawrence A. Oxley of its Washington, D.C., bureau of placement to the coast to hold four such conferences. Others are scheduled for San Francisco, Portland, and Seattle.

"Unless safeguards are established, minority group workers may be faced with economic inactivity because of layoff or cut-back patterns," Oxley said. "No longer is there any doubt regarding occupational capacities and industrial adaptability of qualified Negro workers. Their actual performance in thousands of plants throughout the country offers convincing evidence that there is a direct relation between sound personnel methods and efficient performance by Negro workers."

Representing labor at this first west coast minority conference were Regional Director Luisa Moreno of Food, Tobacco, Agricultural and Allied Workers (CIO) and Sec. Lloyd Mashburn of the Los Angeles Building Trades Council (AFL).

Macy's Employees Appeal to Store Patrons for Aid In Raising Wages

New York City

Workers at R. H. Macy & Co., world's largest department store, have gone to the customers for support in their drive for wage increases and working conditions from a sweatshop-minded management.

Pledging that they will not be provoked into striking, members of Local 1-S, United Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Employees, are manning the store's 18 entrances morning, noon and night to take their case to the buying public.

Using their lunch hours and their days off, workers are managing to make every customer entering Macy's familiar with the fact that management, asked for wage increases permitted under the wage stabilization act, had actually come back with proposals to reduce wage scales for hundreds of Macy workers.

Thousands who came to shop, after reading the leaflet, remained to sign postcards of protest urging Macy's to negotiate in good faith. Many customers reported they had visited the general manager's office, as suggested in the leaflet, to insist that management start negotiating in earnest.

Unions at Senate Hearing Ask For Seniority Setup For Naval Yards

Washington, D. C.

AFL and CIO witnesses crowded into the Senate Naval Affairs Committee room recently to testify on behalf of the Magnuson-DeLacy bill (S. 594) to establish a solid seniority system in navy yards and government arsenals.

Sponsored by Sen. Warren G. Magnuson (D., Wash.) and Rep. Hugh DeLacy (D., Wash.) the bill has the active support of a wide section of labor and is particularly well backed by the International Association of Machinists and the Metal Trades Department of the AFL.

Leadoff man for the proponents was Pres. N. P. Allifas of Lodge 44 (IAM), which is the local to which all navy yard and arsenal workers in the IAM are affiliated. Allifas objected to the way the present merit system operates.

Chairman Thomas Martin of the seniority committee of the IAM local at the Norfolk navy yard, Norfolk, Va., told the committee of two instances in which third class helpers had jumped seven grades to leadmen in a little over two years. He said both married into the families of their bosses, and that generally it takes about 12 years to make so much progress in the machinist trade.

Under the Magnuson-DeLacy bill, workers start as third class machinists, go to the intermediate grade in three months and six months later become first class machinists.

Brave Teamster Gets Award For Action on Front

Washington, D. C.

Six days after American troops landed in Normandy, S/Sgt. John S. Ratkiewicz, a member of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Warehousemen and Helpers, Local Union 773 of Allentown, Pa., displayed such courage as a mortar squad leader under enemy fire that he has been awarded the Silver Star, the War Department announces.

The Maryland legislature has passed a bill making it illegal to use the phone for the purpose of making immoral engagements. Looks like the phone company will soon go bankrupt in that state.

IF YOU HAVE AN INCOME

you have a quota
in the Mighty 7th War Loan

Find your quota and make it! We've got to make the 7th the biggest yet!

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100-140	37.50	50
Under \$100	18.75	25

ALL OUT FOR THE  MIGHTY 7th WAR LOAN

This Feature is a Contribution to America's All-Out War Effort by

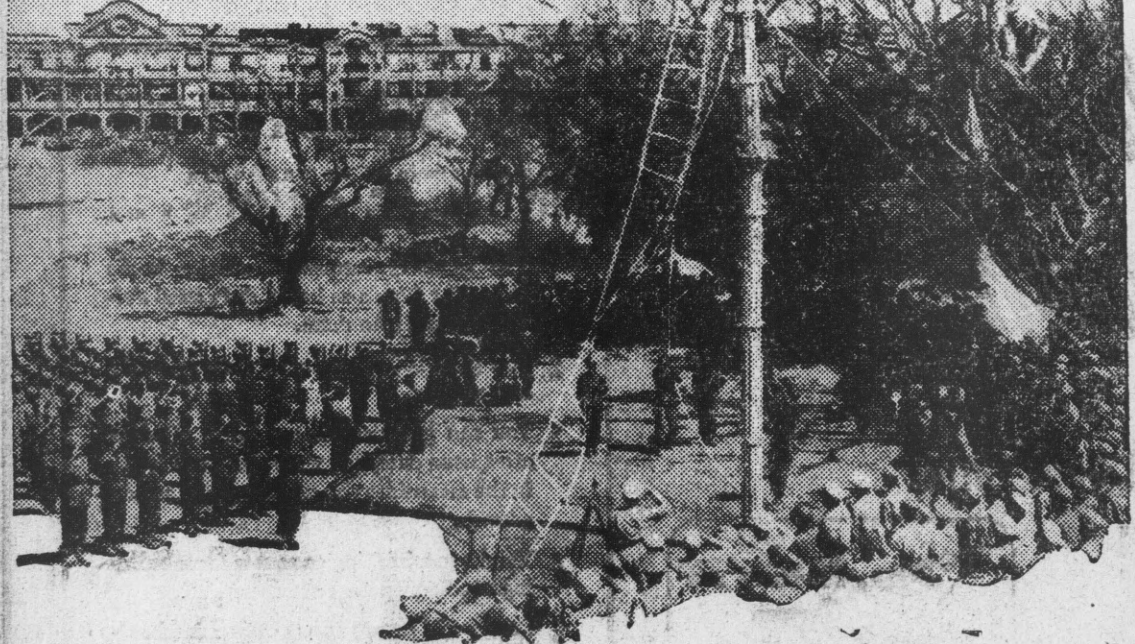
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Let's raise the money in the
MIGHTY SEVENTH

OUR FLAG flies once again over Corregidor. The cost was great in blood and pain, but our fighting men did not turn back. And on Iwo Jima, four thousand men—more and more—died to take the long step forward to Victory. Twenty thousand others suffered wounds. Yes, we're on the way to Tokyo!

At home, your contribution to Victory is measured in dollars.

The Seventh War Loan is the biggest in America's history because seven billion dollars must be raised from individuals alone. That means you must buy more and bigger War Bonds.

This is really two great loans in one; for this time last year you had been called upon twice to subscribe in War Loans. As our fighting men raise Old Glory all over the world—let's raise the money back home!



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When you stop for gas at the service station, pause for refreshment, too. Wherever you drink Coca-Cola, it's the quick, sure answer to thirst. On the road or in your family circle, ice-cold Coca-Cola stands for the pause that refreshes,—has become a high-sign of kindly-minded people.

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BAKERS 24—Meets 3rd Saturday at Teamsters Hall, John and Main, at 5 p.m. Pres. Judson P. Flint, 201 Archer, phone 3298. Secy. Louie Grasso, 251 Clay St., phone 8819. Bus. Agent, Hans Top, 1128 Laurie Ave., San Jose, phone Ballard 6341. Office at 72 N. Second St., San Jose, phone Ballard 6341.

BARBERS 827—Meets 3rd Monday at Teamsters Hall, John and Main, at 8 p.m. Pres. John Durnell, 533 E. Allisal, Secretary, Leon J. Smith, 117 Main St., phone 4302.

BARTENDERS 545—Meets 1st Monday at 2 p.m. and 3rd Monday at 8 p.m. at Teamsters Hall, John and Main Sts. Pres. Eddie Rose, Secretary and Business Agent, Karl E. Hess, Office at Teamsters Hall, phone 6209.

BUTCHERS UNION 506 (Salinas Branch)—Pres. Bert Davi; Vice Pres. Bill Steinmueller; Fin. Sec. Harry Bochi; Rec. Sec. Jim Errington (Earl Moorhead, Exec. Sec. office phone San Jose, Columbia 2132) Del Monte Ave.

CARPENTERS 925—Meets first and third Tuesdays at 7:30, Carpenters Hall, North Main St. Pres. Roy Willis; Vice-Pres. R. Timmerman. Bus. Agt. George Hartley; Sec. H. L. Taft, 243 Clay St., Phone 4246. Office at 5 Port Ave.; Rec. Sec. Amos Schottel.

CARPENTERS AUXILIARY 373—Business and social meeting fourth, Wednesday each month at Carpenters Hall. Pres. Jean Pilliar; Fin. Sec. Bernice Pilliar; Rec. Sec. Blanche Van Eron.

CULINARY ALLIANCE 467—No regular meetings scheduled, and subject only to call. Secretary Bertha A. Boles. Office at Teamsters Hall, Main and John Sts., phone 6209.

ENGINEERS (OPERATING) 165—Meets 2nd Monday at Teamsters Hall, John and Main Sts., at 8 p.m. Pres. C. R. Ingersoll, P.O. Box 2, Freedom. Secretary, Harry Vosburgh, 404 California St., Salinas, phone 4972.

INTERNATIONAL ALLIANCE OF THEATRICAL STAGE EMPLOYEES AND MOTION PICTURE OPERATORS, LOCAL 611—Meets first Tuesday every other month 10 a.m. in Watsonville Labor Temple; Pres. Art Reina, 605 Mae Ave., Phone Salinas 9795; Bus. Agent James Wilson, 80 Peyton St., Santa Cruz, Phone 1216; Rec. Sec. Chas. Covey, 364 Walnut Ave., Santa Cruz.

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF ELECTRICAL WORKERS, Local Union 243—Meets the first Tuesday in each month at the Labor Temple, 117 Pajaro St., at 8:00 p.m. C. B. Phillips, Bus. Mgr. Phone 3361, 25 Harvest St. E. M. Bills, Pres. Phone 5524.

HOD CARRIERS AND LABORERS UNION 272—Meets second Monday of each month at 8:00 p.m. at 117 Pajaro St. R. Fenchel, Pres., 17 Railroad Ave.; J. F. Mattos, Sec., 104 Lang St., Salinas; J. B. McKinley, Agt., office at 117 Pajaro St.

LATHERS UNION 400—Meets in Salinas Labor Temple second and fourth Fridays, 8 p.m. President, Roy R. Benge, Hilby St., Monterey, Phone Monterey 4820; Sec.-Treas. Dean S. Seefelt, 526 Park St., Salinas, Phone 9223.

MONTEREY COUNTY CENTRAL LABOR UNION—Meets every Friday evening at 8:00 p.m. at Teamsters Hall, John and Main Sts.; W. G. Kenyon, Sec.-Treas., 405 Main St., Monterey, Phone 4993; home phone 8539. Pres. F. H. L. Sprague, ph. 3863. Labor Council Negotiation Committee: Albert Harris, Main and John Sts., ph. 4983; Geo. Harter, Carpenters Hall, 422 N. Main St., ph. 5721.

OPERATIVE PLASTERERS AND CEMENT FINISHERS OF SALINAS AND MONTEREY COUNTY, LOCAL UNION NO. 783—Meets second and fourth Friday of the month at 8:00 p.m., at Rodco Cafe Fred Kandon, Secretary, 31 Buena Vista, Salinas, Phone 1423; Pres. John D. Fr.

PAINTERS 1104—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesdays at Teamsters Hall, John and Main Sts., at 7:30 p.m., Pres. Donald McBeth, 1014 Le Costa St., phone 4126. Secretary and Business Agent, Dennis Hartman, 614 Mae Ave., phone 8783.

PLUMBERS AND STEAM FITTERS' UNION Local 503—Meets second Wednesday of each month, 8:00 p.m., Salinas Labor Temple. Pres. Orin Border; Recording Secretary, William Farr; Financial Secretary, Erwin Goodson. Office at 215 E. Allisal St., Phone 3463. Ex-Board meets each Tuesday night at Labor Temple.

POSTAL CARRIERS 1046—Meets every 3rd Monday alternately at homes of members at 8:30 p.m. President, L. E. Pierce, 43 Romer Lane, phone 3173. Secretary, H. C. Schreike, 636 El Camino Real, No., phone 7080.

PRESSMEN 328—Meets last Tuesday of month, alternating between Salinas and Watsonville. Pres. Milo Wingard, 389 West St., Salinas. Secretary, Milo Martella, 225 Monterey St., Salinas.

SHEET METAL WORKERS 304—Meets 1st Friday alternately at Monterey at 411 1/2 Alvarado St., and at Salinas at 117 Pajaro St. (This local has jurisdiction over Monterey and Santa Cruz counties.) Pres. John Alsop, P.O. Box 317, Pacific Grove, phone 7825. Fin. and Rec. Secy., F. F. Knowles, 232 River St., Santa Cruz, phone 1276-J. Bus. Agent for Salinas area, J. B. McKinley, 117 Pajaro St., Salinas, phone 6777. Bus. Agent for Monterey, L. T. Long, 411 1/2 Alvarado St., Monterey.

STATE, COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES—Meets on call at Labor Temple; H. E. Lyons, Pres., 15 West St.; H. V. Rook, 210 Boeing Ave., Salinas, secretary.

SUGAR REFINERY WORKERS' UNION No. 20616—President, Les Hutchings; Secy., Geo. Ulrichsen, Spreckels Meats in Forrester's Hall, Salinas, 2nd and 4th Mondays at 7:30 p.m.

GENERAL TEAMSTERS AND AUTO TRUCK DRIVERS' UNION, LOCAL NO. 287—Meets first Wednesday in Oct., Jan., April, July at Teamsters Hall, John and Main Sts., Salinas, phone 7590.

INTERNATIONAL ALLIANCE OF THEATRICAL STAGE EMPLOYEES AND MOTION PICTURE OPERATORS, LOCAL 611—Meets first Tuesday every other month 10 a.m. in Watsonville Labor Temple. Pres. Art Reina, 605 Mae Ave., Phone Salinas 9795; Bus. Agent James Wilson, 80 Peyton St., Santa Cruz, Phone 2737-R; Rec. Sec. Chas. Covey, 364 Walnut Ave., Santa Cruz.

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION No. 543—R. C. Sprague, Salinas, Pres.; A. C. Davis, Sec.-Treas., 109 Prospect St., Watsonville. Meets last Sunday, alternating between Watsonville and Salinas.

UNITED SLATE, TILE & COMPOSITION ROOFERS, DAMP & WATERPROOF WORKERS ASSOCIATION 50—Meets 3rd Friday 8 p.m., Watsonville Labor Temple; Pres. Lloyd Lovett, 131 So. Branciforte, Santa Cruz; Sec. Frank Walker, 327 Alexander St., Salinas Ph. 9668.

WAREHOUSEMEN 890—Meets first Tuesday night at Teamsters Hall, John and Main streets. Office at same address, phone 4993. President, Albert Harris. Secretary, W. G. Kenyon. Financial secretary and business representative, Peter A. Andrade.

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Last week your Union printed an article with reference to the cost of living. It has been two years since the A. F. of L. members of the National War Labor Board petitioned the Government for an upward adjustment of the Little Steel Formula. Staging a rather unique flip-flop, the public and industry members of the board

the next week's issue, a new series of articles on Shop Stewards will again be printed.

Urges Stepping Up Campaign On Veneered Evils

Washington, D. C. A united community attack against the problems of promiscuity and venereal disease was urged by the National Women's Advisory Committee on Social Protection, Federal Security Administrator Paul V. McNutt announced. The committee met in Washington at the invitation of the Administrator to discuss recent developments in venereal disease control and the ways in which women's organizations and civic groups could help.

Hitler Kaput!

Now the civilians in Germany are claiming they always were anti-Nazi. When an American officer told a group of these civilians that he'd thought the Nazis had had quite a bit of popular support, one German spoke up:

"Nonsense. That's just plutocratic-Jewish bolshevik propaganda!"

Oil Shortages Here

Shortages of food and oil won't ease up immediately after V-E day, latest government reports indicate. According to a War Food Administration survey, Americans this year will be eating their slimmest rations of the war—but they'll still be doing better than the British and other allies.

Civilians, whose last year's diet the experts say was 9 per cent better than it was before the war, will have to return this year to the eating standards of before Pearl Harbor, WFA says. Meat, butter and sugar will be considerably scarcer. Your meat ration for the next three months will be at the rate of 115 pounds a year and you'll get 78 pounds of sugar in 1945.

Buy an extra bond now!

The Old Dividing Game: LABOR REPORTER ON FRONT WARNS: "BEWARE OF FLOOD OF 'RED' ATROCITY YARNS"

By HERBERT A. KLEIN
SEVENTH ARMY FRONT IN GERMANY (FP)—Achtung! Gefahr!—Warning! Danger! German fascism, though careening downhill to defeat at breakneck speed, still has a secret weapon. American labor needs to know how to detect and thwart it.

It is a racket this time, not a rocket. It is the spring 1945 version of their well-tested device: Divide and conquer. This time it has been your conquerors and escape the consequences of defeat.

It seems as certain as that I am sitting writing this in the command post of the 15th Army Corps that among the well-to-do and influential Germans this policy is being applied consciously.

DIVISIVE PROPAGANDA
In their contacts with American officers and GIs—and the upper class knavish with their frequent knowledge of English seek out those contacts on many excuses.

It is the army's rigid anti-fascist regulations—the Germans are pushing this notion ever more boldly: That sooner or later the U. S. will come into open conflict with the USSR. And the silent accompaniment to this theme is: The sooner the better.

WORK ON ARMY MEN

Army men concerned with the interrogation of captured Germans or of German civilians have found, with great frequency, the same pattern repeated more explicitly. It is especially bold among many of the younger German army officers and among prominent German civilians who were influential "leaders of opinion" in their professions or communities, while German fascism supported them and they it. With variations, it

runs something like this:

1. You Yanks have made a terrible mistake. You never should have stuck your noses into this European war. It isn't your affair at all, and you'll regret it. Because—
2. We Germans—a people of education, tradition and order—were defending European culture (yes, even western culture) against bolshevik barbarism. Then you came along and stab us in the back.
3. But you'll be sorry and change your tactics. Because if you allow us to be crushed in defeat, you'll only have on your own hands the job of fighting the Russians pretty soon.
4. Whereas if you and Britain give us a break, help Germany get to its feet again after all those terrible bombings and bombardments, we can do it for you.

EASY MARKS?
After the shooting is over the audacity of these German unregenerates will grow greater if given half a chance. They are, generally, the people whose education, leisure and contacts make them able to express this divisive propaganda in a form calculated to be most appealing to Americans. The Yanks, they hope, will be soft, easy-going and receptive.

Laundry Workers Win Fight



A bitter 4 1/2 year struggle to organize the large Community Laundry in Los Angeles, Calif., was finally ended when contracts were signed with Local 52, Laundry Workers Intl. Union (AFL) and Local 928, Intl. Bro. of Teamsters (AFL), breaking the anti-labor front of the powerful Laundry Assn. of Southern California. Present at the signing of the contract were (seated, l to r): Pres. Einar O. Mohn of Teamsters Joint Council 42, Pres. Nathan G. Gordon and Gen. Mgr. Earl L. Clark of the Community Laundry. Local 928 officers look on. (Federated Pictures)

THAT JONES DEAL

When Banker Jesse Jones engineered the deal by which the giant monopoly, Aluminum Corporation of America bypassed its sole U. S. competitor Reynolds Metals, by seeing that a \$50 million contract went to its Canadian subsidiary, Aluminum Co. of Canada, he did so without full authority.

Federated Press has learned that the late President Roosevelt knew nothing of the deal until nearly two years after the contract was signed, and that Jones was on the carpet for it before FDR died.

Details of this shady transaction have been hidden, but you can watch for some important revelations in the near future. It is just another of a series of reasons why Jones was ousted.

Magazine Correspondent Says That Italy Heads for Civil War; Allies Blamed For Not Uprooting Fascism

By "OBSERVER"

Gene Rea, in the *Magazine Digest*, says that as soon as the Allies leave Italy there will be a revolution, that the fake democracy which has been foisted upon the Italians will be overthrown, and that a fascist regime will take its place.

It is plain that the British, with consent of the United States representatives, is not even trying to maintain a really democratic government and is thereby really encouraging fascism. Says Rea:

"Victor Emmanuel, nominal head, just as glibly as Mussolini, is allowed to live in luxury. His son, Prince Umberto, is actually head of the Italian government. Badoglio, conqueror of Ethiopia, who ordered the gassing of the Ethiopian armies, goes free. The fascist bigwigs are doing business as usual and occupying the same jobs they had under Mussolini.

"Fascism is deeply ingrained in Italy. Its primary concept is a one-man, one-party government. The Italians are bitter about the economic chaos that followed 'liberation,' plus the unkept promises made by the Allies. Millions of refugees are still homeless, roving aimlessly from town to town, begging food and shelter."

Mr. Rea claims that the failure of the Allied governments to form and maintain an effective democratic popular government has so disappointed the people that the poorer ones are tending toward communism. He writes:

"The Catholic church would undoubtedly support the parties of the right as it did in backing Franco in Spain. The clergy are already taking an active role in this struggle for power in Italy. They see the possible danger of communism if the Russian troops sweep down from the north and they are preaching against the perils of the atheist Soviet. The industrialists, the landed proprietors, the middle class people and the bankers are taking sides with the clergy and working to counteract communist teachings."

Meanwhile, the stage is being set for civil war!

Wholehearted . . . Redfield



"In conclusion, the NAM will support the Industry-Labor charter if it is allowed to go on fighting unions."

MONTEREY UNION DIRECTORY

CALIFORNIA STATE FEDERATION OF LABOR—Vice-President for San Mateo, Santa Clara, San Benito, Santa Cruz and Monterey Counties: Thomas A. Small, San Mateo, California; Phone San Mateo 3-8789.

BAKERS 24—Headquarters at Labor Temple, 72 N. Second St., San Jose. Hans Top, Secy and Bus. Agent, phone Ballard 6341.

BARBERS LOCAL 893—Meets 1st Thursdays at Bartenders Hall, 301 Alvarado St. President, Ralph Lester, 307 1/2 Madison St.; Secretary-Treas. A. H. Thompson, 243 Alvarado St., Ph. 5741.

BARTENDERS, HOTEL AND RESTAURANT EMPLOYEES 483—Meets at 315 Alvarado St. 1st Monday at 8:30 p.m. and 3rd Monday at 2:30 p.m. Pres. and Bus. Agent, E. D. McCutcheon. Secretary, Pearl Robinson, 315 Alvarado St., phone 6734.

BRICK MASON LOCAL UNION NO. 16—Meets Building Trades Hall, second and fourth Friday, 8:00 p.m. President F. B. Hair, P. O. Box 284, Watsonville; Fin. Sec. M. P. 154 Alvarado, Monterey, Phone 6745; Rec. Sec. Geo. Heude, 208 Carmel Ave., Pacific Grove, Phone 7715.

BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION TRADES COUNCIL OF MONTEREY COUNTY—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays at 411 1/2 Alvarado St., at 8 p.m. Pres. W. J. Dickerson, 201 Monroe St., phone 6160. Secretary and Bus. Agent, L. T. Long, Pacific Grove, phone P.G. 4292. Office at 411 1/2 Alvarado St., phone 6744. Mailing address: P.O. Box 611. Office hours: 7:30 a.m. to 1 p.m., 2 p.m. to 4:30 p.m., 7:30 to 9 p.m.

BUTCHERS 506 (Monterey Branch)—Pres. Floyd Harris; Vice-Pres., S. Corona; Rec. Sec. Helen Day; Fin. Sec. Gene Hellam; Bus. Agt., Earl Moorhead, San Jose, Ph. Columbia 2132.

CARPENTERS 1323—Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays at 8 p.m. at 411 1/2 Alvarado St. Pres. Geo. Dietl, phone 7992. Fin. Secy., D. L. Ward, 400 Gibson St., phone 6726. Bus. Rep. L. T. Long, phone 6726. Office at 411 1/2 Alvarado St., P.O. Box 611, phone 6744.

MONTEREY PENINSULA CENTRAL LABOR COUNCIL—Meets at Bartenders Hall, 301 Alvarado St., 1st and 3rd Tuesdays at 7 p.m. Pres. E. D. McCutcheon, Vice-Pres. J. F. Wheat, Secretary-Treas. Wayne Edwards, 823 Johnson Ave., phone 7622.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS NO. 1072—Meets 2nd Monday at 411 1/2 Alvarado Street, Monterey. E. C. Geary, president. Paul Day, secretary. Phone 7550.

AFL FISH CANNERY WORKERS UNION OF PACIFIC, MONTEREY COUNTY—Meets on call. Pres. and Bus. Agent, Louis Martin; Sec., Lester Cayen. Office, Labor Temple, 320 Hoffman St., New Monterey.

HODCARRIERS, BUILDING AND COMMON LABORERS 690—Meets in New Labor Temple, Monterey, first Sunday morning of each month at 10 o'clock. President, Perry Luce, 1251 David avenue. Vice-President, Thomas E. McGuire, P. O. Box 156, Seaside. Secretary-Treasurer, Frank E. Decker, P. O. Box 1305, Monterey.

INTERNATIONAL ALLIANCE OF THEATRICAL STAGE EMPLOYEES AND MOTION PICTURE OPERATORS, LOCAL 611—Meets first Tuesday every other month, 10 a.m. in Watsonville Labor Temple; Pres. Art Reina, 605 Mae Ave., Phone Salinas 9795; Bus. Agent James Wilson, 80 Peyton St., Santa Cruz, Phone 1216; Rec.-Sec., Chas. Covey, 364 Walnut Ave., Santa Cruz.

LATHERS UNION NO. 400—Meets in Salinas Labor Temple second and fourth Fridays, 8 p.m. President, Roy R. Benge, Hilby St., Monterey, Phone Monterey 4820; Secretary-Treasurer, Dean S. Seefelt, 526 Park St., Salinas, Phone 9223.

MOTOR COACH EMPLOYEES, Division 192—President, Harry M. Fox Jr.; Secretary, Herman R. Bach.

MONTEREY COUNTY ELERATED TEACHERS NO. 457—Meet in Monterey second Wednesday, 5:00 P. M. Fin. Sec., Wayne Edwards, 823 Johnson Ave., Monterey, Phone 7622.

MUSICIANS 616—Meetings, when called, held at 315 Alvarado St., Monterey, at 2:30 p.m. Pres. A. A. Hirsch, Seaside, Calif., phone Monterey 4257. Secretary, Harry H. Hudson, Box 422, Pacific Grove, phone P.G. 6166. Office at 500 Asilomar Blvd., Pacific Grove, phone P.G. 6166.

PAINTERS 272—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesdays at 315 Alvarado St. at 8 p.m. Pres. Robert Deakin, 149 Monterey, Pacific Grove, phone P.G. 9285. Rec. Secy., Ed. L. Castle, 457 Wave, Monterey, phone 6312. Financial Secretary, J. C. Hazelwood, 419 9th St., Pacific Grove, phone P.G. 7908.

PLASTERERS AND CEMENT FINISHERS NO. 337—Meet first and third Friday, Building Trades Hall, Monterey, 8:00 p.m. President, Earl Smith, Monterey; Financial Secretary, V. J. Willoughby, 152 Carmel Avenue, Pacific Grove.

PLUMBERS AND STEAMFITTERS NO. 62—Meets 2nd and 4th Friday at 411 1/2 Alvarado Street at 8 p.m. L. A. Trine, President, Phone 5704. H. Diaz, secretary, 1271 3rd Street, Monterey, Phone 7986.

POST OFFICE CLERKS, Monterey Branch No. 1292 of National Federation of Post Office Clerks (AFL)—Meets first Friday of month. Pres. Boyd Beall; Vice-Pres., E. L. Edwards; Sec.-Treas., Art Hamill.

GENERAL TEAMSTERS AND AUTO DRIVERS' UNION 287—Meets second Thursday of month at 7:30 p.m., Labor Temple. George W. Jenott, Sec.-Bus. Agt., 72 N. Second St., San Jose, Ballard 6316.

SEINE AND LINE FISHERMEN—Meets monthly on full moon at 2 p.m. at Union Hall. Pres. Salvatore Davigo, 335 Monroe St., phone 7729. Secretary and Bus. Agent, John Chello, 927 Franklin St., phone 7713. Office and hall at 233 Alvarado St., phone 3128.

SHEET METAL WORKERS 304—Meets 1st Friday alternately at Monterey at 411 1/2 Alvarado St., and at Salinas at 117 Pajaro St. (This local has jurisdiction over Monterey and Santa Cruz counties.) Pres. John Alsop, P.O. Box 317, Pacific Grove, phone 7825. Fin. and Rec. Secy., F. F. Knowles, 232 River St., Santa Cruz, phone 1276-J. Bus. Agent for Salinas area, J. B. McKinley, 117 Pajaro St., Salinas, phone 6777. Bus. Agent for Monterey, L. T. Long, 411 1/2 Alvarado St., Monterey.

UNITED SLATE, TILE & COMPOSITION ROOFERS, DAMP & WATERPROOF WORKERS ASSOCIATION 50—Meets 3rd Friday, 8 p.m., Watsonville Labor Temple; Pres. Lloyd Lovett, 131 So. Branciforte, Santa Cruz; Sec. Frank Walker, 327 Alexander St., Salinas Ph. 9668.

WAREHOUSE EMPLOYEES UNION, LOCAL 890—Meets first Tuesday night, Teamsters Hall; office at Teamsters Hall, John and Main St., phone 4993; Pres. Albert A. Harris; Rec.-Sec., Wm. G. Kenyon; Sec.-Treas. and Bus. Rep., Peter A. Andrade.

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YOUR CONGRESSMAN REPORTSBy
GEORGE E. OUTLAND

Before making his recent, too-hurried trip to California, your representative discussed at length in this column the Bretton Woods Proposals. I pointed out at that time the fact that economic cooperation on the international level is as important as political cooperation; the two are the basic pillars upon which the structure of lasting peace must be built. I can not refrain from writing again on these all-important proposals, being firmly convinced that the Bretton Woods agreements is the most important before the present Congress.

The vast majority of American organizations which have studied this legislation are heartily in favor of it. These organizations include the American Farm Bureau, all major labor organizations, the American Association of University Women, religious societies, the Independent Bankers Association, and countless others. There is a widespread conviction on the part of the American public that this legislation MUST be passed if we are not to turn to isolationism and, by so turning, take the first big step toward World War III. As I have sat in the committee during the hearings on this bill, I have been impressed by the increased interest that is being paid to international economic problems and the increased realization of our people that this time we must not make the mistake we made back in 1919.

And yet, in spite of these favorable omens, there is a good chance that the Bretton Woods bill either will be defeated or will be changed so substantially that the effect will be the same. Why? There are several reasons for this apparently confusing situation. In the first place, the opposition to the heart of the Bretton Woods plan, the stabilization fund, is well organized and is waging an incessant campaign against this part of the program. In the second place, the Banking and Currency Committee contains an unusually large number of individuals who tend toward the point of view that the United States must go extremely slow in the matter of financial cooperation with other nations. Thirdly (and this is extremely important), the Bretton Woods plan deals with a highly specialized field in which few of us are authorities, one which is difficult to understand and, as a consequence, one in which trivial details can easily be magnified and red herrings easily drawn across the trail.

Already there has been much needless delay in acting on the Bretton Woods Proposals. They were drawn up in July, 1944, but only now is the committee conducting the hearings. Whether or not definite action will be taken during the weeks in which the San Francisco conference is meeting is problematical. There are still many witnesses to be heard, and the opponents of the plan are doing all they can to prolong the delay. The hammerings of the isolationist press against action will be interpreted by many representatives of foreign nations at San Francisco as straws in the wind by which they may gauge this country's stand on other cooperative proposals. There is likely to be an inference drawn which will go much like this: "See what is happening? The United States is again backing down on its international stand. Just as was the case in 1919, when the Senate defeated a proposal which was largely the work of an American President, so now there is growing opposition to these Bretton Woods Proposals, which were drawn cooperatively and in which the Treasury of the United States played a leading role." If the isolationist attitude prevails, it will again become a case of each nation for itself, there will be a great armament race along with cutthroat competition in world markets, and eventually we will go down the road to a war much more disastrous than this one.

It seems to me that it is the duty of every one of us to speed action in favor of these proposals. I am in complete agreement with the recent statement of Bishop G. Bromley Oxnam, Bishop of the Methodist Church of New York City, which says, "If the economies of war-devastated areas are to be restored, vast undeveloped areas are to become productive, if our own economy is to be maintained, the Bretton Woods Agreements should be adopted, and, in the light of experience, improved in the years ahead. Economic matters of this kind really become moral issues."

Salinas - Watsonville Division With Local 890 FRUIT & PRODUCE DRIVERS, WAREHOUSEMEN AND EMPLOYEES UNIONMain and John Streets
Salinas, California

Last week your Union printed an article with reference to the cost of living. It has been two years since the A. F. of L. members of the National War Labor Board petitioned the Government for an upward adjustment of the Little Steel Formula. Staging a rather unique flip-flop, the public and industry members of the board recommended that the present wage freeze be continued. If we use the figures presented by the members of the board, we find that wage rates actually have risen only 19.7 per cent while living costs have gone up 29.4 per cent to October of last year. This means that real wages of factory workers have declined from 66 cents an hour in 1941 to 61 cents in 1944.

WITH REFERENCE TO THE SEVENTH WAR LOAN DRIVE—We should be interested in the fact that buying bonds for the future is very important. We do not like to publish bad news; there is not one in this country of ours who can foretell the future much less guarantee the workers job security. After the war some 17 million soldiers, sailors and marines will be added to the list of employee groups, and jobs will have to be found for them. If those bonds that you will buy will be kept for that period of emergency, you will be adding to the security and welfare of our economic future.

For your information, our regular meetings are as follows: Salinas area at Teamsters Hall, Main and John Streets, the first Tuesday of the month; time, 4 p.m. and 8:30 p.m. Gilroy, the second Tuesday of every month; time, 8 p.m. Watsonville, the first Monday of every month; time, 8 p.m.

May we remind all of our members that in accordance with our International Constitution anyone desiring an honorable withdrawal card MUST PAY THE CURRENT MONTH'S DUES. There will be no exceptions from that rule. By CURRENT MONTH, it is meant from the FIRST DAY on—should you request your withdrawal card on the first or second of the month, that month's dues will have to be paid before a card can be issued to you.

In requesting sick benefits, your sick forms that are issued by the Union must be properly filled out and signed by both the member and the attending physician.

TO ALL SHOP STEWARDS—Several issues back, your Union printed a series of articles dealing with the many duties of a Shop Steward. If there is any questions with regard to those articles, please notify the Union. Beginning with the next week's issue, a new series of articles on Shop Stewards will again be printed.

Our organization, at a regular meeting during the month of March, voted unanimously to fine our members \$1.00 for failure to attend at least one meeting quarterly. We remind you that attendance cards are kept on everyone attending the meetings. A reasonable excuse such as working, sickness or living too far out of town will be accepted.

Fair attendance of general membership meeting from all divisions! A really fine motion picture in technicolor was shown of the Talcott Lumber Company, showing our members at work at the various operations.

Business Representative Kenyon conducted an election at the Ralph E. Myers Company for the drivers

Brass Workers Get Fat Checks For Back Wages

Waterbury, Conn. Approximately 2000 workers in three American Brass Co. plants in Torrington, Ansonia and Waterbury will divide approximately \$170,000 in back pay as a result of a decision of the regional War Labor Board in Boston. The workers are members of International Union of Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers. The WLB approved an hourly increase in the third shift premium of 2½¢ retroactive to Dec 31, 1943.

RECONVERSION OF AUTO PLANTS HAS BOARD'S APPROVAL

Washington, D. C. A \$500,000,000 machine tool program and a \$35,000,000 construction program has been approved for the reconversion of the automobile industry, WPB Chairman J. A. Krug, announced in giving further details of pre-V-E Day steps taken by WPB looking toward reconversion of industry to civilian production.

Union-Busting Gang Praises Nazi Germany, Denies Terror

By JACK MORRISON

Wichita, Kansas. Spokesmen for the union-busting Christian American Assn. and midwest native fascist organizations are openly defending Nazi atrocities and spreading propaganda for a soft peace for Germany.

In an exclusive interview with Federated Press, CAA Organizer L. J. Baum was asked what he thought of the cruelty exercised by the Nazis against American prisoners of war. He said:

"I think it is terrible but bear in mind, those fellows, the GIs, went 5000 miles to get that kind of treatment. If they had stayed home where they belong, nothing like that would have happened."

DENIES ATROCITIES. The Christian Front, which conducted an intensive anti-labor drive along with its isolationist anti-war activities last winter, is taking the same line. The Rev. Wiley, secretary of the Christian Front, told FP he did not believe the reports of the Buchenwald prison camp atrocities.

"It is pure propaganda, designed to instill hatred against the German people," Wiley said, adding: "A race as intelligent and cultured as the Germans couldn't commit such atrocities."

USE POLISH SITUATION. The native fascist network has also seized on the Polish situation for its sermons that the real enemy isn't Germany but Russia. Commenting to FP on the Polish question, Christian Front Evangelist W. Wells said:

"Bloody Joe Stalin is running true to form. He has never kept a promise and never will. In destroying the greatest industrial and cultural nation in the world, Germany, we have torn down the bulwark of Christianity against bolshevism."

MINUTES**Bldg. Trades Council**

Meeting of the Building and Construction Trades Council of Monterey County was called to order by President Wm. J. Dickerson at 8 p.m., May 3, 1945. Roll call showed seven Local Unions represented. The minutes of previous meeting were read and approved. All bills were ordered paid.

CORRESPONDENCE. Received a copy of minutes from the B.C.T.C. of Santa Clara County and Monterey Peninsula Labor Council.

Approved an agreement with Tony Pine, General Contractor, building on McClellan Street, Monterey.

Received a letter from the B. & C.T. Dept. with an agreement between the Department and the war Department governing the use of prison labor in construction work.

The Labor League for Human Rights requested a report on the amount donated by labor to the Red Cross during the recent campaign. (Refer to Local Unions for report.)

From the State Federation of Labor, a pamphlet, Why Prepaid Medical Insurance.

Received two Weekly News Letters from the State Federation of Labor.

Received two reports on State Legislation with copies of Assembly Bill No. 1531 and 1953, from the State B. & C.T.C. of Calif.

Received a pamphlet from the Commodity Research Bureau Inc., explaining the Social Security benefits, copies can be purchased at 15¢ per copy.

Received a letter from Roofers Local Union No. 50 asking that the jurisdiction of installing cork in hot asphalt be enforced.

By motion the request was referred to the Business Manager.

BUSINESS MANAGER'S REPORT. Brother Long reports the progress of jobs for the past two weeks, there are 17 new homes started during the past two weeks, aside from the remodeling and extension work, the groundwork is being done for a new fish cannery on Wave Avenue in Monterey. All jobs are working short handed.

By motion the report was accepted.

REPORTS OF UNIONS. Brother Walker, Roofers—Well attended meeting April 20, 1945; several things of interest to the Local were discussed.

Brother Hicks, Roofers—Their president resigned and went into business at Santa Cruz, so Brother Earnest E. Lear was elected president.

True or False

(Test your knowledge of your Government's War Bond Financing program. The answers to these questions, given at the end, should be known by every American. How good are you?)

1. 85 million Americans have purchased Series E War Bonds.

2. 84 per cent of all the money ever invested in E Bonds is still invested in them.

3. If a Bond is lost, stolen or destroyed, it is just the same as if the owner had lost the money he invested.

4. E Bonds may be cashed at any qualified bank for their full cost any time after 60 days from date of issue.

5. The U. S. Government's promise to redeem war bonds any time after 60 days from date of issue is just as strong as its promise to stand back of a dollar bill.

6. You have to hold a Bond the full ten years to get any interest.

7. The lowest-priced War Bond costs \$25.

8. War Bonds are better than cash.

9. Two persons cannot own a War bond jointly.

10. The only reason we should buy War Bonds is to help pay for food, ammunition, etc., for the armed forces.

ANSWERS

1. True.

2. True.

3. False. War Bonds are registered in the names of their owners, and lost Bonds can be replaced.

4. True.

5. True. Compare wording on a Bond and a bill.

6. False. Your Bond increases in value after one year. See the values on the back of the Bond. But you get a greater increase in value the longer you hold a Bond, up to \$1 at the end of 10 years for every \$3 you paid.

7. False. A \$25 Bond costs \$18.75.

8. True. They can be replaced if lost, they increase in value and they can be converted into cash in case of need.

9. False. War Bonds can be owned by two people as co-owners or as owner and beneficiary.

10. False. Your savings invested in War Bonds will also help to stabilize prices now and to provide for your own security in the future.

Labor Board Chief Says Workers Should Have Wage Increases

Washington, D. C. Chairman George W. Taylor of the National War Labor Board told the Senate civil service committee that he believed U. S. government workers were entitled to a general pay increase because they have not received the boost allowed by the Little Steel formula.

Speaking for a bill to increase salaries of federal workers, Taylor said the granting of more money to government employees "will not result in the starting of any new cycle of wage increases."

Some people have reached the conclusion that we'll have to go back to the horse-and-buggy days to solve the cigarette problem.

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